THE JERUSALEM POST

Bnei Brak still simmers Page 2

Price: IL3.00 (Including VAT)

TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1977 • TAMUZ 19, 5737 • RAJAB 18, 1397 • VOL. XLVII, No. 14056

In an exclusive interview with *The Post*:

Prof. Friedman convinced his policies are right for Israel

By MEIR MERHAV
Post Economic Editor

Foreign exchange controls should be abolished at once; the exchange rate should be free; no one has yet suggested an alternative to unemployment in the fight against inflation, for without a measure of unemployment, inflation is bound to accelerate and cause unemployment on a massive scale.

These were some of the views expressed yesterday by Professor Milton Friedman in an interview with *The Jerusalem Post*.

Half an hour with Professor Friedman is an encounter with a razor-sharp mind that can leave the interviewer's convictions sorely slashed. Whether one agrees — after reflection, to be sure, for the average economist is unlikely to have an on-the-spot defence — with Friedman's arguments or not, they are invariably brilliantly persuasive. And beneath the cold logic the listener can hear the ring of deep moral conviction. Again, whether one shares his beliefs or not, Professor Friedman clearly does not deserve the image of the bogeyman in which he has been presented in political debates these past few weeks.

He welcomes questions and parries them before they are asked. He rejects — probably even strongly *resents*, although that emotional term does not quite fit what he actually says — the criticism in Israel, and the protests in Stockholm, of his visit to Chile two years ago. The scholar's freedom ought not to be restrained by sympathy, or lack of it, for a particular regime. He points out that he spent a few days in Chile, at the invitation of a private organization, and adds that he has also been to Yugoslavia, irrespective of his opposition to the regime there.

As far as Israel is concerned, he asks the pointed question whether it is realized that those who most loudly protested at his visit to Chile are those who also most loudly oppose and criticize Israel. Professor Friedman is apparently not aware of the distinction some draw between lecturing in and advising a country where that advice may help the regime, and proffering advice in a country where that advice may criticize and oppose the regime.

Milton Friedman at the Hebrew University convocation yesterday. (Ben-Ami, Sunphot)

Friedman's ideas on how to solve Israel's economic problems are, in any case, more important than any attempt to judge his conduct. He is very definite about not having come here to advise the government on any regular basis. Even in the U.S., he says, he refuses to do so, preferring to retain his status as an independent intellectual, free to criticize as he sees fit. This freedom is part and parcel of his basic philosophy.

Still, he would be prepared to come and advise occasionally, if asked to do so, for as a Jew he takes a real interest in the progress and welfare of Israel. Israel, he says, is not short of good economists and the problem is not any lack of perception of the problems, but whether Israelis have the political will and ability to implement remedies about which there is wide agreement.

I asked Friedman whether his prescriptions, whatever their validity or feasibility in other countries, are also applicable to Israel, a country which for 29 years has been in a state of latent war. "Is it not acceptable," I asked, "that a country which has the right to expropriate, so to speak, the very lives of its people, because it is at war, should also have the right to retain control over the property of these people — for example, by controlling foreign currency?"

Friedman's reply was incisive. While in certain areas he would recommend gradual solution he would do away at once with foreign exchange control and fixed exchange rates. He does not believe there would be any flight of capital from Israel. Moreover, if because of lack of confidence in Israel some would try to sell their property here, then others, who have more confidence, would be the buyers.

Israel would thereby attract the people who believe in its future in exchange for those who don't — which is only for the good. Nor would foreign balances, accumulated from exports, stay away from the country — the exchange rate, as determined by the market, would take care of that. And in any case, controls are inefficient and cannot, by themselves, prevent people from keeping money abroad. On the contrary, a fixed exchange rate encourages them to do so.

Professor Friedman, in short, does not deny the moral right of the government to put its hand on people's property in times of war, just as it has the right to call them up for the country's defence. The question is whether the measures it takes to deal with problems it believes to stem from a national emergency are expedient, whether they achieve their purpose. And Friedman denies that.

I mentioned to Professor Friedman that much of the advance opposition he has encountered in Israel is the result of the fear that his remedies for inflation will entail unemployment. "There are those who argue," I continue, "that in the last three years we have had a government-engineered cost inflation, not a demand inflation, so that cutting down on aggregate demand will lead to unemployment on a scale which Israel, less than other countries, can support..."

Friedman retorted that this argument has it upside down, that there is no solution to inflation except through some unemployment. Maintaining full employment will only mean more and more inflation and, ultimately, before long, mass unemployment. The cost inflation initiated by the government, through devaluation and taxes, is only a response to having previously

(Continued on page 3, col. 1)

Pentagon no longer opposes Kfir sales

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — The Pentagon has dropped its opposition to the sale of Israel Kfir aircraft to Ecuador, claiming that Ecuador's need of the aircraft has increased with the supply of Soviet Sukhoi aircraft to neighbouring Peru, it was learned yesterday.

However, any deal would require the approval of the State Department and, of course, the White House. Their previous objections could well still prevail.

Last Friday Israel submitted a formal request for permission to export the American-engined Kfirs to Ecuador, and the representative of the Israel Aircraft Industries (IAI) in Washington has met with the South American expert on the National Security Council.

It was also learned that another Israeli request — that of funds to aid the development of the Israel Merkava tank — has been raised by Senators Hubert Humphrey and Richard Stone. The two Senators on Friday sent a letter to Secretary of State Cyrus Vance demanding an explanation for the delay in the U.S. promise of development funds for the tank.

Contacts with the Administration over the sale of the Kfirs were renewed during the visit of IAI director-general Al Schwimmer in Washington. After consultation among Pentagon officials, it was decided to invite Israel to submit its request to sell Kfirs again. When the Pentagon indicated that its opposition to the sale had been dropped, Israel charge d'affaires Hanan Bar-On submitted a request in writing.

The President's wife, Rosalynn Carter, who recently completed a South American tour, had meetings with Ecuador leaders who complained about the U.S. refusal to allow the deal to go through. The U.S. has a veto over Kfir sales since they are powered by American engines and include other U.S. components which Israel, by agreement, cannot resell without a U.S. permit.

The final decision on the sale now rests with the National Security Council and President Jimmy Carter. Even if the sale is authorized, it is very likely there will be severe limitations on the armament of export Kfirs and also on sales to other countries.

Syrian Defence Minister ends secret war talks with Moscow

By ANAN SAFADI
Post Mideast Affairs Editor

Syrian Defence Minister Gen. Mustafa Tlas last night was due to conclude a week of secret consultations in Moscow which are reportedly aimed at shaping strategy for a possible resumption of war with Israel.

The Tlas mission, however, was not expected to result in any new large arms deals, as the Soviets have reportedly agreed to restrain such sales under an interim understanding with the U.S.

Both Syria and Egypt recently gave their military chiefs authority to function independently of Arab efforts to achieve a negotiated Middle East peace settlement. The mission of the military is to mobilize the two countries for a possible outbreak of war in the region. Syria and Egypt, along with Jordan, are under a joint command headed by Egyptian Minister of War Gen. Mohammed Abdul-Ghani Gamasy, who was chief of operations in the Yom Kippur War.

The Arab stress on the military option is evidently being timed to coincide with Premier Menahem Begin's visit to Washington in two weeks. But the emphasis is no mere display, as the Arab military men have spoken of an increased preparedness to go to war in the event of a diplomatic failure to regain land held by Israel after the Six Day War.

There is no indication the governments of Syria and Egypt are losing control over their military chiefs, but it is clear that the latter have been asserting their independence.

The Arab generals have been focusing on what they call a "defence-in-depth," which includes both preparing to withstand a possible Israeli pre-emptive strike, and strengthening forces to handle Israeli retaliation to a possible Arab attack.

Egyptian commanders have indicated that their strategy also provides for fighting a lengthy war. In this connection, Egypt is reportedly stockpiling spare parts and ammunition from Peking, as well as accelerating production of its Military Industrial Authority. The Egyptians have also recently unveiled a variety of new sophisticated weapons, in an apparent signal that their arms build-up is no bluff.

But despite these recent moves, the confrontation states are still wary of an early resumption of hostilities. They realize their military capacity does not match Israel's, and they are waiting for U.S. President Jimmy Carter's efforts for negotiations to get off the ground.

Refugees from the south Lebanese village of Yarin walk north with their possessions piled on donkeys after leaving their village which has been the scene of serious clashes between the leftist-Palestinian alliance and the rightists. (AP radiophoto)

Rightist pressure in S. Lebanon fighting

SIDON (Reuter). — Fighting flared on three fronts yesterday in southern Lebanon, where mainly Christian rightist forces appeared poised for a major thrust on a leftist-Palestinian stronghold near the Israel border.

Travellers from the combat zones arriving in this southern port reported that the adversaries were pounding each other on two fronts in the extreme south and further north around a right-wing enclave near Metulla.

The travellers said that artillery exchanges near the village of Yarin, scene of fierce fighting last Saturday, spread to the nearby rightist-held village of Alma a-Sha'ab on the slopes of Mount Hermon.

Refugees from Yarin who fled north in a major exodus to the port of Tyre told government authorities as many as 25 villagers had been killed in Yarin before the rightists withdrew from the hamlet.

Meanwhile, the refugees said, rightists troops had overrun the border town of Karun, about 25 kilometres east of Yarin, and unleashed a heavy artillery barrage against a Palestinian stronghold at Maroun el-Ras, which is on a hill near the Palestinian-leftist central border stronghold of Bint Jbeil. "The fall of these two areas would pose a serious threat to Bint Jbeil," said one arrival from the area.

This, however, could not be confirmed separately because both Palestinian and rightists sources in Beirut yesterday disclaimed any knowledge of fighting in the Yarin area.

Meanwhile, Lebanese Foreign Minister Fuad Butros arrived in Riyadh for talks with Saudi officials on the crisis in South Lebanon.

Saudi Crown Prince Fahd recently proposed the stationing of UN troops in the southern border area, an issue which Butros was expected to discuss in his meetings with Saudi leaders.

Christian leader Camille Chamoun — a former President and leader of the alliance called the "Lebanese Front" — told the Beirut newspaper "Al Anwar" he supported the entry of the Syrian-dominated Arab peacekeeping force into south Lebanon. (Reuter, UPI)

Begin does not rule out talks on U.S. bases

Jerusalem Post Staff

Prime Minister Menahem Begin yesterday avoided a direct answer on reports that the U.S. may build a naval base in Israel, but added that he did not rule out the possibility of the matter being a subject for future discussion with the U.S.

Speaking to the press after a meeting with visiting U.S. Senator Jacob Javits, Begin said that "this is a matter which belongs to the relations between Israel and America. The (U.S.) President should be the first to hear from me and he should also be the first to make statements to me."

The Prime Minister added that Israel does not depend on guarantees for its security, "but on our people and on our army."

Officials in Jerusalem yesterday said that the report that the U.S. was considering establishing a naval base in Israel was "not serious." One official added that Washington has not approached Israel with the idea, and that no formal discussion on the issue has taken place.

A UPI report from Maryland on Sunday quoted White House sources as saying the U.S. is considering setting up a military installation in Israel to guarantee the U.S. commitment to this country.

Six killed in motor car explosion at Syrian Air Force headquarters

Jerusalem Post Staff and Agencies

A bomb blast in a car parked last night in front of the Syrian Air Force Command in Damscus killed at least six persons and injured a dozen others. The blast, which occurred at Mahdi Ben Baraka Street also shattered several nearby buildings, including a hospital.

The Syrian authorities were investigating the incident late last night. Initial reports hinted that the sabotage may have been the work of agents from Iraq which is ruled by a rival faction of Syria's Ba'athist party.

The explosion follows the assassination three weeks ago of the Syrian army missile corps commander, Brig. Gen. Abdul-Hamid Razzouk. There has also been an attempt on the life of Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddan.

Though they have blamed neighbouring Iraq, Syrian authorities have also been considering the possibility that the sabotage campaign is being mounted by radical elements of the Palestine Liberation Organization which hold the Syrians responsible for battering their terrorist movement in Lebanon.

BULLETIN

The fanatic Moslem group which kidnapped former cabinet minister Dr. Mohammed Zahabi claimed late last night to have killed him after the government refused to meet its demands.

Unknown persons telephoned news agencies saying police should look for Zahabi's body in a desert area north of Cairo.

(Earlier story, Page 4)

DMC, NRP still differ on vote reform

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

The Democratic Movement for Change and the National Religious Party yesterday sharply differed on electoral reform, which is one of the issues to be clarified before the DMC decides whether to resume its coalition negotiations.

The differences crystalized at a meeting of the NRP Knesset faction, which yesterday discussed the position Interior Minister Yosef Burg will take at the talks with the Likud and the DMC. The meeting with Prime Minister Menahem Begin, Finance Minister Simha Ehrlich, Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism Yigael Hurvitz, and DMC leader Yigael Yadin, is scheduled for tomorrow morning.

NRP MK Avraham Melamed told *The Jerusalem Post* his party insists on a system which assures it the same power it has had so far.

The NRP proposal says that some MKs may be elected in regions. However, votes which will not be used to elect a seat in a region will be pooled with similar votes the party receives elsewhere. For example, if 18,000 votes are required for a seat in a region, but a list receives only 17,000, those votes will be reserved. A party winning 20,000 votes will get one seat and the surplus 2,000 votes will be reserved. The reserved votes could then be pooled to give parties added seats.

This means that each party will be represented in proportion to its overall power, with some delegates elected on a regional basis, Melamed explained.

The DMC, however, has said it wants the electoral reform to erase small parties, including the NRP.

The DMC advocates that 80 of the 120 MKs be elected on a regional basis, the country being divided into 15 or 16 regions. The remainder should be divided among *all* parties in proportion to their *overall* power. This means that votes, according to the DMC system, will be counted twice.

The Likud-NRP coalition agreement gives the NRP the right to veto a proposed electoral reform bill. DMC leaders argue that this may be a stumbling block towards renewing the coalition negotiations.

Tomorrow's meeting is designed to clarify positions and seek a way to bridge the differences.

Hostages held by armed gunman in Kennedy airport

NEW YORK (UPI). — An unidentified gunman hijacked a charter bus at John F. Kennedy airport last night, killed a woman passenger, wounded at least two other persons and held police at bay with several hostages, police said.

The gunman, who was described as "Hispanic," released a number of other hostages, demanded an unspecified amount of money and an airplane to fly him to an undisclosed location for the release of about six remaining captives, police said.

A spokesman said the gunman, carrying a .45 calibre handgun, took over the bus, which came from Vermont, carrying 10 to 15 passengers, and crashed through a gate near Port Authority police headquarters.

At some point, the gunman released two young boys, an injured woman and an injured man believed to be the bus driver, officials said. The bus was cornered near a Trans World Airlines hangar.

Sadat accepts Begin's Geneva bid

CAIRO (UPI). — President Anwar Sadat yesterday accepted an offer by Israel Premier Menahem Begin to reconvene the Geneva Middle East peace conference next October.

Sadat, speaking in Libreville, capital of Gabon, said: "Wire services quoted Israeli Premier Begin as declaring readiness to go to Geneva next October.

"We welcome this, and we shall be ready to go to Geneva in October, and even before October," Sadat said.

Cairo radio said Sadat made the announcement before leaving Libreville, where he attended part of the Organization of African Unity summit conference.

Kuwait and Iraq agree to cool disputed border

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Kuwait and Iraq have agreed to withdraw their forces from disputed border regions where limited armed clashes have occurred in the past, the Iraqi news agency reported yesterday.

WARNING
TO GALA WASHING MACHINE OWNERS

Some service agencies not authorized to service Gala washing machines are claiming to be Gala authorized.

Gala owners are therefore requested, when their machines need servicing, only to contact one of the authorized agencies listed below.

Gala cannot be held responsible for service by an unauthorized agency.

Below are the addresses and phone numbers of Gala authorized service agencies:

TEL AVIV AND CENTRAL ISRAEL:
12 Rehov Rokach, Ramat Gan. Tel. 03-790239—703194
JERUSALEM AREA:
5 Rehov Ben-Maimon, Rehavia. Tel. 02-36939—30056
HAIFA AND THE NORTH:
4 Rehov Hapoel. Tel. 04-663482
BEERSHEBA AND THE SOUTH:
102 Rehov Hehalutz. Tel. 057-71410
EILAT:
51/3/4 Eilat. Tel. 059-6616

GALA

Gala exclusive distributors in Israel:
Mifalei Yetsu Veyevu Ltd.

FOR A STRONG ECONOMY
ISRAEL BONDS

Tourists! LEATHER ONLY! TEL AVIV, 25 ZAMENHOFF

DUTY AND TAX FREE
30% REDUCTION
Hilton Jerusalem
Women's & Men's Suede & Leather wear
Schneidman
The leader of suede and leather
Tel Aviv, 25 REHOV ZAMENHOFF (cor. 99 King George St.) Tel. 236665

DIZENGOFF 128 TEL-AVIV
Schneidman
the Israel fashionhouse

When in Israel stay in the
LUXURY APARTMENT HOTEL
at 7 Habakkuk Street, Tel Aviv.
the most spacious and comfortable lodging: living room bedroom bathroom and kitchenette promising you the privacy of your own home. together with the luxury of the finest hotels — exquisite furnishing. wall-to-wall carpeting. fully air-conditioned. excellent room service.

For details and reservations, write or call Luxury Apartment Hotels. 7 Habakkuk Street, telephone (03) 443110 Tel Aviv, Israel

LOVE STORY
"I Started it a week ago..."

SUNDAY: I've always searched for a light cigarette ... I wonder how it tastes ...

MONDAY: Hmmm ... an interesting taste ... from the first puff ...

TUESDAY: Before I knew it I finished a pack. I'm beginning to enjoy it. SMILE please!

WEDNESDAY: It leaves a good taste in my mouth ... not too strong yet not too weak ... somewhere in the middle.

THURSDAY: That's it — I finally found the cigarette I was searching for ... the trial was worth it. Two packs of SMILE, please!

FRIDAY: Click ... the taste grabbed me ... I really like it.

I started smoking it a week ago. This is it. I love it ... I finally found a cigarette that lets me skip the nicotine, and enjoy the flavour. Yes, this is the light cigarette that I've been searching for ... "SMILE"

smile
Less nicotine - more flavour!

We develop
AGFA in our AGFA Lab
KODAK in our KODAK Lab
True it's not "in today, out tomorrow" service, but it is the highest quality in the country, and your work is ready in a very short time ! !
See the large choice in Haifa's oldest professional store.
Photo Brenner
31, REH. HECHALUTZ, HAIFA
Sale — Exchange — Purchase
Identity photos while you wait ! !

THE WEATHER

	Yesterday's Humidity	Yesterday's Min-Max	Today's Max
Jerusalem	77	16—27	27
Golan	42	15—26	26
Nahariya	71	18—28	29
Safad	60	15—25	25
Haifa Port	57	21—28	28
Tiberias	56	20—34	36
Nazareth	60	18—27	28
Afula	69	18—30	30
Shomron	83	17—27	28
Tel Aviv	66	21—28	28
B-G Airport	70	19—30	31
Jericho	72	21—35	36
Gaza	73	21—28	28
Beersheba	63	18—31	32
Eilat	28	24—37	38
Tiran Straits	39	25—32	35

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

The President and Mrs. Ephraim Katzir on Sunday gave a dinner in honour of the Silver Jubilee of Queen Elizabeth II. Among the guests were: The British Ambassador and Mrs. John Mason; the Australian Ambassador and Mrs. Richard Smith; the Canadian Armed Forces Attache and Mrs. Donald Pruner; the Foreign Minister and Mrs. Moshe Dayan; the President of the Supreme Court, Justice Yoel Sussman; and Prof. Yigael Yadin, MK.

The Austrian Ambassador, Dr. Ingo Mussi, visited Jerusalem yesterday and called on Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism, Yigael Hurvitz, Religious Affairs Minister Aharon Abu-Hatzeira, and Minister of Construction and Housing, Gideon Patt.

The Zionist Executive Plenum has elected Harry Rosen as acting director-general of the Jewish Agency and Moshe Haskell as acting director-general of the World Zionist Organization until a new incumbent is elected to the joint office left vacant by the death of Aviad Yaffe earlier this year.

Uri Oren has been named spokesman of the Ministry for Immigrant Absorption. A veteran journalist and former spokesman of the Education Ministry, Oren also served for three years as an aliya emissary of the World Zionist Organization.

Staying at the King David Hotel, Mr. Stephen Solarz and Mr. Henry Waxman, U.S. Congressmen, Mr. Michael Lewan, U.S. State Department, Mr. C.L. Sulzberger of the "New York Times," and Prof. Milton Friedman. *(Communicated)*

ARRIVALS

The following National Officers and Members of the Administrative Board of the Zionist Organization of America, yesterday, to participate in the 80th National Convention of the ZOA: Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Goodman, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Goodman, Judge and Mrs. Joseph H. Lerner, Mr. Bernard Rifkin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Solan, Abram Steinberg, Dr. and Mrs. Zalman Shapiro and Bernard S. White.

The UJA's Operation Joshua.

Bnei Brak tries to avert clashes

Jerusalem Post Staff

BNEI BRAK. — The mayor, police and local residents will meet today in an attempt to head off religious-secular clashes this Friday, in the wake of the death of a passenger whose car hit a chain blocking Sabbath traffic.

Meanwhile, the Knesset Presidium yesterday recognized the urgency of nine motions for the agenda on the Bnei Brak affair; and the Supreme Court this morning is scheduled to hear two petitions concerning the closure of Rehov Hashomer, where Saturday's tragedy occurred.

Police are maintaining reinforced patrols in the town, as tension still runs high.

The question of whether the crash — in which Herzl Attiya died and David Patau was severely injured — was a genuine accident, or resulted from an attempt by the two men in the Landrover to crash through the chain in protest against its erection, was still unresolved yesterday.

Lie detector tests given to witnesses of the accident have proved inconclusive. The tests were given to three religious residents of the area, who claim that Attiya and Patau deliberately sought to break the chain by increasing their speed as they approached it.

According to the police, Patau, who drove the Landrover, claims that he was travelling at 50 kilometres per hour and did not see the chain before it was too late.

As soon as Patau's condition improves, he will be asked to undergo a lie detector test.

The Supreme Court today will review two requests for orders *nisi* presented by attorneys Irit Lippa and Binyamin Ozer. Lippa is appearing on behalf of the secular neighbourhoods in the area. Ozer, who was prevented from travelling on Rehov Hashomer on June 24, when the barrier first went up, is appearing for himself.

Yisrael Gottlieb, the Mayor of Bnei Brak, has said he will abide by the Supreme Court's decision. However, as one religious resident of the area told *The Jerusalem Post*, even if the Supreme Court orders the barriers removed, the religious people will demonstrate to preserve the sanctity of their Sabbath.

Reports from non-religious residents of the area also indicate that unless the barriers are taken down, they too will demonstrate. According to one report, the friends of Herzl Attiya intend to organize a motorcycle procession down Rehov Hashomer on Friday.

In the Knesset, one motion was submitted by each of the nine factions in the House except Poalei Agudat Yisrael (whose sole MK, Rabbi Dr. Kalman Kahana, is home recuperating from a heart attack) and Samuel Flatto Sharon.

The coalition MKs whose motions were recognized are Dr. Yehuda Ben-Meir, Avraham Katz, and Shlomo Lorincz, and the oppositionists are Shulamit Aloni, Rabbi Menahem Hacohen, Dr. Binyamin Halevi, Gideon Hausner, Meir Pa'il, and Meir Wilner. The motions are scheduled to be discussed late in this evening's session.

Army picks spokesman; press patches up row

Post Military Correspondent

Army Spokesman Tat-Aluf Yoel Ben-Porat will hand over his job later this week, most probably to Aluf-Mishne Yitzhak Golan, it was learned last night.

At the same time, a dispute between the spokesman's office and the Foreign Press Association was patched up yesterday, when the FPA sent a conciliatory cable to Ben-Porat.

Ben-Porat has been slated for a senior post in the army.

Golan will in all probability remain an aluf-mishne (colonel), a move considered indicative of the decline in prestige of the spokesman's office. (The spokesman has had the rank of tat-aluf (brigadier-general) since 1972.) Golan is currently the editor of "Ma'archot," the Defence Ministry magazine.

Since he took over the job in May 1976, Ben-Porat's term has been stormy, and he has often been at odds with the press.

He was recruited from the Intelligence Corps, where he commanded a unit. He had little experience with public relations work and was thought to be unresponsive to the public's desire to know details of the IDF's operations.

The Foreign Press Association severed relations with his office in December, following the arrival of the first F-15 jet fighters from the U.S., when they felt they had been unfairly treated. In April, Israel Television and the spokesman's office clashed publicly over the lack of clarity regarding pre-conditions set for a television interview with the Chief of Staff. This too resulted in relations being severed.

In a conciliatory move last night, the FPA sent Ben-Porat a cable expressing its appreciation for "the courtesy and diligence" with which he had carried out his duties and with which he had attempted to resolve the problems which had risen in the course of an "inevitably asymmetrical" professional relationship with the foreign press.

The cable noted that "the full traditional relationship" between the spokesman's office and the FPA had now entered a new phase, and that ties between them were now considered to be fully restored. Signed by the executive committee of the FPA, the cable closed with "warm personal regards" and best wishes for the outgoing spokesman's future.

Ben-Porat holds a degree in Arabic literature and Islamic History from the Hebrew University.

In all probability he will return to a senior post in the Intelligence Corps.

Argentina to extradite S.S. man

BUENOS AIRES (UPI). — Argentina ordered the extradition to West Germany of a former Nazi S.S. officer charged with responsibility for the murder of 40,000 Jews in Latvia, a government spokesman said yesterday.

The Argentine government statement said Edward Roschmann, alias Fritz Wegner or Frederico Wegener, was wanted by the court of Hamburg on charges of "premeditated mass murder for vile motives (of racial hatred) and with cruelty."

The charges were brought against Roschmann for his role as head of the S.S. section in charge of the Riga ghetto in occupied Latvia between 1941 and 1943 when some 40,000 Jews were killed. Roschmann immigrated to Argentina in 1948 using a false passport in the name of Fritz Wegner, the government said.

DEPARTURES

Mrs. Sylvia Shapiro, for Cleveland, Ohio, to participate in a memorial service at the Park Synagogue for her late husband, Ezra Z. Shapiro, former World Chairman of Keren Hayesod — United Israel Appeal.

U.S. said cutting funds for Soviet olim in Israel

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — The State Department will reject allocating more American money for settlement of Soviet Jews in Israel until 3,000 empty apartments are filled, according to the "Baltimore Sun" yesterday.

This response was given by the State Department to a report made by the General Accounting Office (G.A.O.) on the way Israel spends U.S. funds to resettle Soviet Jews.

Since 1972 the U.S. has contributed $121m. to help Soviet Jews settle in Israel. The largest single outlay has been $28m. for construction of housing, but a G.A.O. audit has revealed that the Jewish Agency, which administers the local resettlement programme, now has more than 3,000 empty apartments.

The question was raised as to whether the U.S. should continue financing new construction and subsidizing rental payments.

The G.A.O. also has suggested that Congress might want to put some specific criteria on future funding, tying it also to the actual number of refugees.

"This would help clarify which types of activities the Congress would like to support in the future, and help in future efforts to evaluate the administration of this programme the G.A.O. report said.

The report notes that the terms of the U.S. grants "seem to have been generally complied with," but adds: "there are no specific statutory criteria or formal definitions of what constitutes resettlement; thus, it is difficult to evaluate the administration of this programme."

Commenting on the report, the State Department said a representative from the U.S. Mission in Geneva would assess the 1977 programme proposals, adding that "each programme proposal will be thoroughly analyzed before future funds are allocated."

The department also said that a reasonable effort should be made to fill available apartment space before new funds were granted for rental payments.

43 per cent of the U.S. funds were used to expand Israel's absorption facilities, including educational centres, permanent housing and medical facilities.

The U.S. funds paid for construction of 1,355 apartments, although in 1975 the Jewish Agency had more than 3,500 apartments available — mainly in remote areas for permanent housing. At the same time the Jewish Agency was leasing, with the help of U.S. funds, several thousand apartments in populated centres as temporary quarters "because of a shortage of permanent housing."

Court allows Ellison to go abroad

TEL AVIV (Itim). — Mordechai Ellison — the state's key witness in the last major charge in the Yadlin affair — was yesterday allowed to leave the country on condition that he deposit a IL1m. bond with the Tel Aviv District Court.

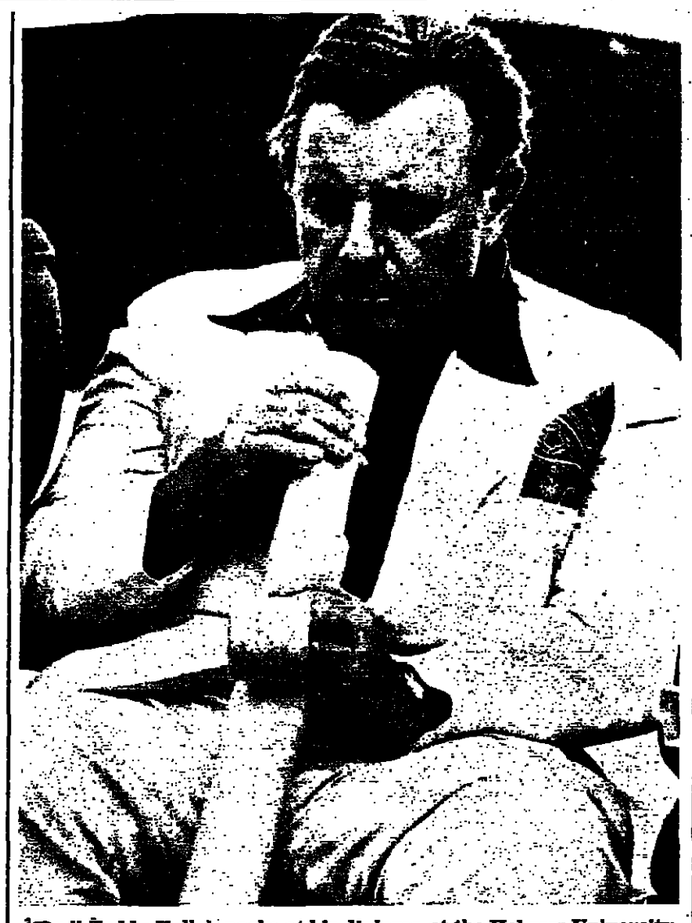
Ellison, who plans to go abroad on a three-week business trip, was forbidden to leave the country after he was released on bail in December at the height of the Yadlin affair.

Ellison's attorney, Micha Caspi, asked for the permit saying that since Ellison resigned from Solel Boneh more than a year ago he has been working as an agent for Israeli firms' building projects abroad and must travel on business affairs.

A former general manager of Emmy, a Solel Boneh subsidiary, Ellison received immunity from prosecution as State Witness in the police probe of a $30,000 bribe he allegedly gave to Sara Hari, sister of jailed former Kupat Holim head Asher Yadlin.

Yadlin was accused of receiving the bribe through his sister but the charge was separated from the charge sheet at his trial. Yadlin promised to give the police a full account of the affair in return for a prosecution promise to weigh the advisability of bringing him to trial for his alleged part in the affair.

Yadlin has meanwhile reportedly told fraud squad investigators who questioned him in Ramle prison, where he is serving a five-year term, that the bribe never reached his hands and went to his sister for her personal use.



"Dr." Teddy Kollek peeks at his diploma at the Hebrew University convocation yesterday. (Ben-Ami—Starphot)

Hebrew U. honours Levich, Milton Friedman, Kollek

Intellectuals who shun involvement in politics too often find themselves involved — but on the side of the oppressors. This was Professor Benjamin Levich's message from Moscow, read yesterday at the Hebrew University Convocation in the Mt. Scopus Amphitheatre where he was awarded an honorary doctorate *in absentia*.

Ten additional distinguished scholars and public figures received honorary doctorates at the ceremony in the presence of President Ephraim Katzir. Also awarded were 169 Ph.D. and D.Jur. degrees, and the Solomon Bublick, Samuel Rothberg and Aharon Katzir Prizes.

Accepting his father's honorary degree, Dr. Evgeny Levich of the Weizmann Institute read a message from Prof. Levich stating that for Jews in the USSR, "handicapped in expressing their national desire and pride, the Hebrew University, as the intellectual nucleus of Jerusalem, has acquired a mystical importance."

Responding on behalf of all recipients of degrees and awards was the American economist, Prof. Milton Friedman. Attacking "state socialism," he said that the true hope of Israel, and of freedom everywhere, was the "enterprise, initiative, ingenuity, drive, and courage" of the individual citizens, cooperating voluntarily with one another. "If state socialism had swept the world in the 20th century," he stressed, "there would be no State of Israel today." State socialism, in practice, as contrasted with the idealistic vision, is not and never has been in the interest of Jews individually or of Israel collectively, he maintained.

Special applause accompanied the award of an honorary doctorate to Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek, whose leadership of the city prior to and following its reunification 10 years ago was noted in the citation.

With University President Avraham Harman chairing the proceedings, other honorary degrees went to:

Dr. D. Walter Cohen, Dean of the School of Dental Medicine of the University of Pennsylvania, who "has used his professional influence to ensure further training facilities in Israel and abroad for medical scientists from the Hebrew University and other Israeli institutions;"

Leonard Davis of New York, a civic leader, who set up the Leonard Davis Institute for International Relations at the Hebrew University and aided studies in gerontology, health economics and the performing arts in U.S. universities;

Friedrich Duerrenmatt, the Swiss playwright, for the manner in which he has combined creativity with the championing of principles;

Mrs. Lina Halper, veteran leader of the British Friends of the University, "whose life has been an exemplar of service to scholarship;

Prof. Werner Kaegi, jurist of the University of Zurich, who has distinguished himself by his struggle for human rights, the rights of minorities and the independence of small states;

Leon Malersdorf, Belgian Zionist leader, generous benefactor of the Hebrew University's academic community;

Joseph Meyerhoff, of Baltimore, leader of the B'nai B'rith Hillel Foundation and benefactor of Israeli education at all levels;

Samuel R. Risk, National Honorary Secretary of the Canadian Friends of the University, whose three decades of association with the University have left a profound mark on the International Friends Organization.

The Solomon Bublick Prize was awarded to Max Nurock, veteran Israeli civil servant, "who has brought the mind of a scholar to the everyday affairs of government." In Nurock's absence, due to ill health, his prize was accepted by his daughter, Dr. Aviva Weissman.

The Samuel Rothberg Prize for Jewish Education was awarded to Dr. Simon Greenberg, Vice Chancellor of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, a pioneer of creative Jewish education and the moving spirit behind the Solomon Schechter Day Schools and the Ramah Camps.

The Aharon Katzir Prize for an outstanding doctoral thesis in science went to Dr. Itamar Procaccia for his work in theoretical chemistry. He was cited, *inter alia*, for seeing "the possible applications of the theoretical results." In Dr. Procaccia's absence on post-doctoral work in the U.S., his father accepted the award.

Eban 'positively inclined' to undertake trip to U.S.

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

Former Foreign Minister Abba Eban clearly indicated last night he will accept Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan's proposal he go to the U.S. on an information mission for the Government.

He told *The Jerusalem Post* his "positive inclination" to go was strengthened following his meeting with Labour's chairman Shimon Peres and the resolutions adopted yesterday at the Executive of the Alignment Knesset faction.

Eban said he will ask the Government, today or tomorrow, when they want him to go.

Peres, who met Eban yesterday morning, and the Alignment forum did not expressly oppose the mission, though they indicated they had reservations. Mapam's Meir Talmi was particularly critical.

The Alignment leaders noted Eban should be aware of the timing and the circumstances of his proposed trip, an apparent reminder that the invitation did not come through the Alignment and that he, as a dove, would be representing a hawkish Government.

Eban said last night he would talk about the American policy in the Middle East, not about negotiations with the Arabs.

Eban added he will concentrate on signs of erosions in American and European policies, which cause concern not only in the government but also among doves.

In an obvious reference to statements issued by U.S. President Jimmy Carter, the State Department and the European Economic Community, he said that Israel's bargaining position is being eroded by "certain announcements." He was referring to talk about a Palestinian homeland, the weakening of Israel's claim for defensible borders, and unfavourable interpretations of UN Security Council resolution 242.

Compromise reached on pay hike

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A compromise solution to the 4.75 per cent pay hike for production workers was handed down earlier this week by Shimon Peres, sole arbitrator in the dispute between the Histadrut and the Manufacturers Association.

Under the original memorandum signed on May 14 between Histadrut Secretary-General Yeruham Meshel and Manufacturers Association President Avraham Shavit, both sides agreed to pay this 4.75 per cent hike, based on wages in effect in December 1976. (Thus the April 1977 cost-of-living pay hike of 11.5 per cent is not included as a basis for these payments.)

Meshel demanded that the 4.75 per cent take effect on January 1, 1977; Shavit said it should take effect one year later.

In his decision, Peres ruled that the 4.75 per cent should be paid from June 1, 1977; or alternatively, if it were decided to pay it only from January 1, 1978, the payments would be increased to 7.12 per cent.

A decision on this will be made by management and local workers' committees in each plant.

Economic circles note that although a compromise solution was handed down, the Histadrut seems to have proved its point — namely, that a signed labour contract is not binding on labour, and can be "opened."

AN AUSTRALIAN PARLIAMENT fact-finding and goodwill mission will visit Israel from July 18 to 24. Anthony Staley, minister for the Capital Territory, will head the delegation including Senator Sir Magnus Cormack, Senator R. Bishop, I.A.C. Wilson and J.L. Armitage.

L&M has the taste for everyone in Box, 100 mm and Menthol

Lewis says Carter, Begin share ideals

Jerusalem Post Reporter

U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis said last night that although there would be differences of opinion when Premier Menahem Begin visits President Carter later this month, "they will agree on principle because they are men of principle, and the principle that animates them both is the determination to achieve final, lasting, total peace."

Lewis spoke at a Fourth of July reception at his residence in Herzliya. The Prime Minister listened to him with great concentration, especially when Lewis emphasized that President Carter set store by the nature of the peace to be negotiated, with the need for open borders between Israel and its Arab neighbours, to enable tourism and trade.

Defence Minister Ezer Weizman, Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, Senator Jacob Javits, the Chief of Staff R/A Mordechai Gur, and former Premier Yitzhak Rabin were among the large number of guests.

U.S. Congressman here on visit

Norman Dicks (Dem., Washington), member of the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee, arrived here last night to begin a six-day visit as the guest of the Foreign Ministry.

Ginzburg may face 10 years in labour camp

MOSCOW (Reuter). — Soviet dissident Alexander Ginzburg, a member of the Moscow "Helsinki" human rights group, has been charged with anit-Soviet agitation and could face up to 10 years in labour camp, dissident sources said yesterday.

They said KGB security police revealed the charges against Ginzburg, who was arrested last February, while questioning Valentin Turchin, founder of a Moscow branch of the Amnesty International human rights organization.

Soviet television yesterday refused to broadcast a customary Independence Day speech by U.S. Ambassador Malcolm Toon because of a reference to President Jimmy Carter's human rights policy, a U.S. spokesman here said.

Television officials expressed "some disagreement" with a paragraph of the speech which pledged that Americans would "continue to state publicly their belief in human rights and their hope that violations of these rights wherever they may occur, will end," he said.

The spokesman said the officials suggested Mr. Toon might tape the three-minute speech without the remarks on human rights but "he declined to do so."

Italian embassy picketed in protest

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Some 150 would-be students demonstrated yesterday morning in front of the Italian Embassy to protest a recent decision by the Italian government not to accept any more foreign students at Italian universities for the next two years.

According to an embassy communique yesterday, the refusal to accept new students was due to overcrowding at the universities. But student demonstrators told *The Jerusalem Post* that embassy sources had said the decision followed recent student riots in which foreign students had participated.

The students complained that the decision was causing them considerable inconvenience and financial losses. A total of 380 Israelis are affected by the decision. Italian medical schools are popular with Israeli students who are not accepted by the space-limited Israeli universities.

The new measures do not apply to students who have received scholarships from their governments or from international organizations. Nor do they apply to the 2,000 or so Israelis who are at present studying at Italian universities.

Ministry computer to seek out yordim

The National Insurance Institute has asked the Interior Ministry's Population Registration department to conduct a computerized survey of Israelis abroad in order to establish who of these should be classified as emigrants (yordim), Institute spokesman Avner Michaeli, said yesterday.

The immediate purpose of the survey, which is already under way, is to halt the payment of child-support allowances to families who appear to have settled permanently abroad. In principle, any Israeli working abroad on a work contract signed in Israel and paying his National Insurance dues while abroad is entitled to the allowance.

The Institute is presently studying a request by several government departments to extend the right to Israeli employees recruited and working abroad, the spokesman added. The departments concerned claim that such employees should be regarded as having signed their work agreements in Israel.

34 ROMAN GLASS vessels, stolen from the Rockefeller Museum in East Jerusalem 18 days ago, have still not been recovered, and police in the capital have set up a special team to investigate the theft.

CHESS — Vladimir Liberzon of Israel and Britain's Anthony Miles won their sixth round games and joined Lubosh Kavalek of the U.S., in the lead of the grandmasters' group in the 17th annual IBM chess tournament in Amsterdam yesterday.

Our deepest sympathies to
Benno Gitter
on the passing of his
MOTHER
Victor and Adrea Carter

We share in the grief of our manager,
Eli Weiss
and his family
on the death of his
MOTHER ז"ל
Employees of A. B. Tours
and E.W.T.B.

AMERICAN MIZRACHI WOMEN
share the sorrow of
The Gitter Family
on the passing of their dear mother
JENNY ז"ל
President and leader of the Mizrachi Women of Argentina,
whose many goods deeds are an everlasting memorial.
ISRAEL EXECUTIVE BOARD

On the thirtieth day after the death of
Rabbi SHMUEL NATHAN ז"ל
there will be an unveiling and memorial service,
at the Mount of Olives cemetery on
Thursday, July 7, 1977, at 4.00 p.m.
Our thanks to all who expressed condolences.
THE FAMILY

With deep sorrow, we announce the death of
CHAVA ELSE NUERNBERG
The funeral will take place at Kfar Yehoshua,
Tuesday, July 5, 1977 at 4.30 p.m.
Her children: Hannah and Glora Baror
Michael and Hadassa Nir
and grandchildren

Tel Aviv University
and the TAU Board of Governors
express deepest sympathies
to
Professor Simon Gitter
the Head of the Physiology and Pharmocology Department
of the Sackler School of Medicine
and to
Mr. Benno Gitter
Member of the Board of Governors and Co-chairman of the
Executive Council of the Sapir Centre for Development
on the passing of their
MOTHER
of blessed memory

KEREN YALDENU
expresses deep sympathies to the President of The Keren Yaldenu
Committee in Zurich, Switzerland, Mrs. Renee Koral, and her family,
on the untimely loss of
ZWI KORAL ז"ל
Beloved Husband, Dear Father and Loving Grandfather.

With great sorrow, we announce the death of our beloved
ROSE SAMUELS
in London on Friday, July 1, 1977.
Husband, Morris
Son and Daughter-in-Law, Joseph John and Gloria Samuels
Daughter and Son-in-Law, Gwendoline (Gwen) and Isaac Cohen
Grandchildren, Estelle, Susan and David Samuels,
Ilana, Ariella and Michael Cohen
and the family
Shiva, Jerusalem, 12 Uziel Street.

هكذا من الأصل

Herut, La'am outflank Liberals for top jobs

By ASHER WALLFISH
Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Likud completed assigning its members to parliamentary posts yesterday, enabling the Knesset committee machinery and the biggest faction's own internal bodies to get into normal operation.

But after three weeks of disagreement within the Likud bloc, order was only arranged when the Herut and the La'am wings teamed up to manoeuvre the Liberal wing into a minority.

The Likud executive met yesterday and assigned the Herut wing two of the three outstanding chairmanships: Moshe Arens to the Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee, and Geula Cohen to the Immigration and Absorption Committee. The Liberals got the third chairmanship: Yitzhak Berman to the House Committee.

The House Committee is a sort of mini-Knesset which oversees procedure and decides the crucial issues of parliamentary life not covered clearly in the House Rules. Yitzhak Berman, however, is new in the Knesset.

The Likud executive decided that these three chairmanships would be held for two years, unless the governing bodies of Gahal (the old Herut-Liberal merger) decide otherwise.

Herut and the Liberals each put out different versions of the Likud executive's decision on the coalition chairmanship and the faction chairmanship.

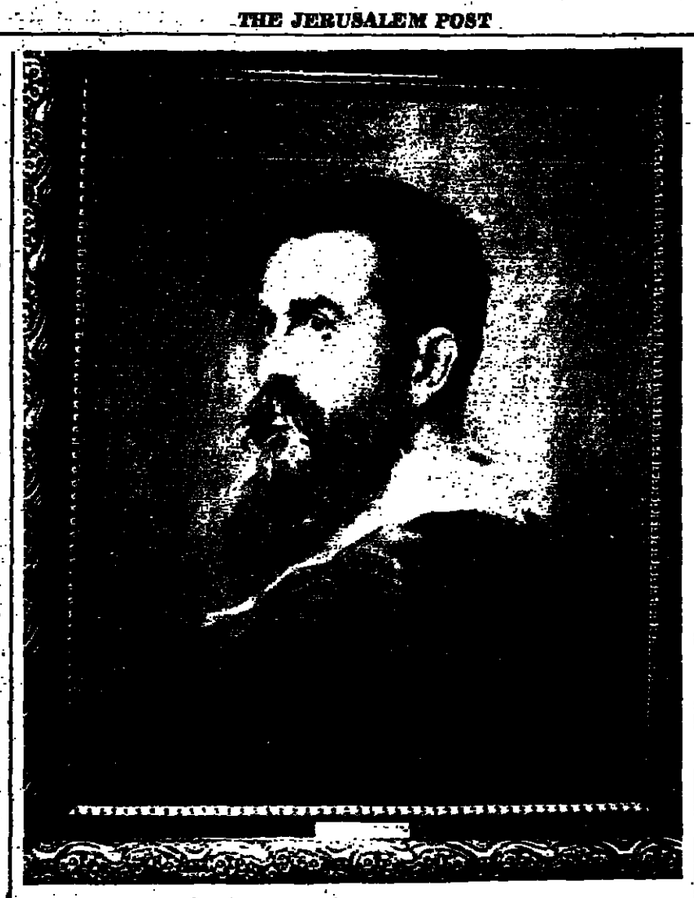
Herut said the faction chairmanship as before would be on a rotation basis between their Moshe Arens and the Liberals' Avraham Sharir. The Liberals said that Sharir would serve the first term as faction chairman and that his period would be fixed later.

Herut said the coalition chairmanship would be held by its Haim Corfu, but not on a rotation basis. The Liberals said that Corfu would have to hand over to a Liberal in two years.

The Liberals said they decided not to quarrel with Herut, because their leader, Simha Ehrlich, had a preliminary meeting with Premier Menahem Begin to iron out possible differences. But Arens told the Likud executive that as far as he knew Begin and Ehrlich had not worked out any deals.

The Liberals also claimed that in two years one of their own MKs would replace Geula Cohen, while the other two chairmanships would remain with the same wings, though the holder of the office might change.

The House Committee meanwhile decided yesterday to recommend to the plenum the following additional committee chairmen: Interior and Environmental Quality, Shlomo Hillel (Alignment-Labour); Economic, Gad Ya'acobi (Alignment-Labour); Education and Culture, Aharon Yadlin (Alignment-Labour); State Control Affairs, Shmuel Toledano (Democratic Movement for Change); Labour and Social Betterment, Menahem Porush (Agudat Yisrael); Finance, Shlomo Lorincz (Agudat Yisrael); Constitution, Legislation and Law, David Gal-Glass (National Religious Party).



This portrait of Theodor Herzl, painted by a childhood friend named Kopay, is on display at the Knesset after being exhibited abroad. Tonight is the 73rd anniversary of the death of the Zionist visionary. Thousands of new immigrants, ministers, MKs, Druse Zionists and representatives of women's organizations will attend a ceremony in Herzl's memory on Mt. Herzl in Jerusalem at 6 p.m. Prime Minister Menahem Begin will be among the speakers. (Harati)

No way for Rhodesia to take part in Maccabiah

By JACK LEON
Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

RAMAT GAN.— Rhodesia is not competing in next week's 10th Maccabiah because of unprecedented international pressure — including the threat of sanctions — which made its participation impossible. This will be the first time in 25 years that Rhodesia has not been represented at the quadrennial games.

International Maccabiah Games Committee (IMGC) Chairman Israel Peled said yesterday the committee did its utmost to try to ensure the participation of 13 Rhodesian bowlers and three tennis players in the meet.

But extensive investigations had shown that there was no possible way of arranging for the Rhodesians to compete, except as individuals without any identification whatsoever with their country (such as carrying a "Maccabi Club, Salisbury" placard). At the two previous Maccabiah games, this limited identification had been permitted, though the Rhodesian athletes were not allowed to display their national flag or wear the national colours, in line with Israel's adherence to the international boycott of the Smith regime.

"Indeed we were given to understand clearly by various international and political bodies that any sign of Rhodesian presence at the Maccabiah would bring sanctions against both the IMGC and all athletes competing against the Rhodesians," Dr. Peled stated. "The committee, which maintained constant contact with the Foreign Ministry throughout the investigations, therefore had no option but to withdraw its invitation to Rhodesia Maccabi to send a team to the games."

Peled was clarifying charges made by Albert Menashe, of Salisbury, the honorary treasurer of the Central African Zionist Organization, that the IMGC had "barred Rhodesia from taking part in the games." Menashe, who was a Rhodesian delegate at last week's Jewish Agency assembly in Jerusalem, objected to The Jerusalem Post's story of last Friday — which was based on Maccabiah sources — that the Rhodesians' decision not to compete was made in Salisbury, and that no obstacles were put in the way of their participation at the Israeli end.

He said that in May, Peled had assured the honorary secretary of Rhodesia Maccabi, Isaac Menashe, that Rhodesia's entry was in order.

"Our sportsmen had been training for months for the games," Albert Menashe said. "The Rhodesian Jewish community is very disappointed by what has happened and feels let down by the IMGC." (The community now numbers some 3,500 people, compared to 7,000 in 1967.)

Maccabiah organizing committee chairman Haim Wein reported yesterday that the record 2,800 participants from 36 countries expected for the meet will make the 10th Maccabiah the biggest gathering todate of any of the world's eight regional games which are officially recognized by the International Olympic Committee. The event opens next Tuesday evening and continues until July 21.

Knesset deals with four Defence Ministry bills

The Knesset yesterday took up for their first reading, and voted to refer to the Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee, four bills submitted by the Defence Ministry. They were presented to the House by Deputy Minister Mordechai Zippori.

Draft Bills 1249 and 1267 would amend the Civil Defence Law, 1976, with the aim of tightening procedures for the maintenance of bomb shelters in residential buildings and business establishments, and for the acquisition of, and payment for, mandatory civil defence equipment.

Draft Bill 1279 would amend the Israel Defence Forces Regular Service (Benefits) Law, 1977, pertaining mainly to benefits to be paid to widows and orphans of men who had served in the standing army.

Draft Bill 1295 would amend the Military Justice Law, 1977, pertaining to various aspects of military trial and penal procedure.

The Knesset Praesidium yesterday decided to recognize the urgency of 14 motions for the agenda. Nine of them are on last Friday's events in Bnei Brak.

Three of them, submitted jointly by the Alignment's Moshe Amar, Yossi Sarid and Eliahu Speiser, concern the Coalition's announced intention of abolishing the Tenants' Protection Law; two, submitted separately by Charlie Biton (Democratic Front for Peace and Equality) and the Likud's Geula Cohen, concern the bagrut-examination leaks revealed by Biton; one, submitted by Seif e-Din Zoabi, of the Alignment-affiliated United Arab List, concerns "The Situation in the Nazareth Municipality"; and one, by the Alignment's Shoshana Arbeli-Almoslino, is on "Reports Concerning the Treasury's Intention to Reduce Child Allowances."

Because of the long roster, the House is scheduled to start dealing with these motions at tonight's session, although such motions are customarily dealt with at the Wednesday morning sessions.

The Praesidium also decided to table 20 Private Members' Bills — 16 submitted by Alignment MKs and four by DFPE MKs.

It also decided to recommend to the House Committee that the Knesset recess on August 3 until October 17.

250 young leaders due here on Keren Hayesod mission

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Two hundred and fifty young Jews and 50 of their children will arrive here this month from 24 countries around the world for Keren Hayesod's first "Yahdav" young leadership mission.

All paying their own way from as far away as Australia, Sweden and Latin America, the participants are professionals who have contributed to Keren Hayesod and have raised money on its behalf. The mission, according to Keren Hayesod director-general S.Y. Kreutner, was five years in the making, ever since the fund-raising organization (working among two million Jews outside the U.S.) established its young leadership division.

At a press conference in Jerusalem yesterday, Keren Hayesod officials said the adults, ranging in age from 25 to 40, will spend their nights in dozens of homes in development towns, kibbutzim and moshavim. They will also meet with top government officials and march as a group at the closing ceremony of the 10th Maccabiah.

Meanwhile, the children will be looked after at the Hadasim Youth Village summer camp.

Based on previous national missions, "Yahdav" follows the model of the United Jewish Appeal's "Koah" mission last year, which brought over 800 young leaders to Israel. The group will arrive on July 20 and remain until the end of the month.

Kreutner also announced that Faye Schenk, president of the American Zionist Federation, and Phil Granovsky, president of the United Israel Appeal of Canada, have been named co-chairmen of Keren Hayesod until the Zionist Congress in February. They are replacing world chairman Ezra Shapiro, who died in May. They will take it in turns to preside over operations in Jerusalem.

May Flatto address Knesset in French?

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Knesset Committee is expected to consider soon Samuel Flatto Sharon's request to address the House in French.

The new MK, who speaks only French and Yiddish, made the formal request yesterday. "Some Jews don't speak Hebrew," he argued.

The chairman of the House Committee, Yitzhak Berman, told Sharon this would be an unprecedented political decision.

Berman said that if the question were merely legal he could have made the decision on the spot, but it is not clear how the various factions will react.

During the First Knesset the late MK Eri Jabotinsky once suddenly began speaking French to emphasize that no law says only Hebrew or Arabic must be spoken in the Knesset.

Second suspect held in matrics probe

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A second suspect was arrested yesterday in the Jerusalem police probe into the leakage of matriculation examinations. The suspect, 18, was a temporary employee of the examinations division of the Education Ministry.

Like the first suspect, Hanna Harati, 25, arrested on Sunday, the youth was first held over a week ago on suspicion of leaking a final exam in Hebrew essay to three students of the ORT school in Jerusalem.

Police now believe the two worked together to distribute more than one final exam, and expect more arrests in the near future.

The ministry's own investigation of the exam leakage began yesterday, with the first meeting of a five-member committee headed by Dr. Mordechai Wertheimer, legal adviser to the Civil Service Commissioner. The committee has been asked to submit a report within a month.

Government asks House for further —and higher — interim budgeting

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Finance Minister Simha Ehrlich yesterday tabled in the Knesset an amendment to the Interim Budget Law approved by the Eighth Knesset to extend the four-month interim budget by another two months until the end of September, and add IL22.4b. to the authorized expenditure to cover the months of August and September.

The additional money requested by the Treasury includes a reserve of IL2b., of which IL1.5b. is for payment of higher salaries in the government service, and IL500m. is a general reserve.

Ehrlich said the government needs an extension of the interim budget so it can function until a budget can be worked out for the remainder of fiscal 1977. The original interim budget authorized the government a monthly expenditure of 1/15 the previous annual budget presented by the Alignment government, less IL900m. The budget for the next two months will be 1/12 per month of that annual budget, plus the IL2b. reserve.

The bill was passed to the Finance Committee, which is to begin discussing it tomorrow.

Girl alleges rape on H.U. campus

An 18-year-old girl from Holland has complained to Tel Aviv police that she was raped and beaten on the Hebrew University campus in Jerusalem on Sunday evening.

According to the visitor, who is residing in Haifa, she travelled to the university on Sunday. A stranger offered to show her to a certain campus building. But she said, he took her to a side path, drew a knife and forced himself upon her. The girl resisted and grabbed the knife, cutting her hand. The man overcame her, she said, beat her and carried out the rape.

Afterwards he put her on a bus to Tel Aviv where she was treated at Ichilov Hospital. Tel Aviv and Jerusalem police are looking for the man.

In another incident, a youth from Nesher near Haifa was remanded for 10 days by Magistrate's Court Judge Micha Lindenstraus after he was accused of attempting to rape a young girl. Judge Lindenstraus told the court that the growing tendency to view "violence as manliness" should be nipped in the bud, and that the law should be invoked to remand a suspect in custody until the date of his trial in all cases of violent assault.

He noted that attacks on women and young girls were becoming a daily occurrence, and that the public had every right to look to the police and courts for adequate protection. He urged that all such cases should be handled with least possible delay.

Seamen's Union, Zim locked over Gold Moon

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Seamen's Union last night claimed it had not received the Histadrut's warning to stop the strike on the Gold Moon or face expulsion. The union is continuing the strike "until the troubles on the ship are thrashed out with Zim," but at the same time made negotiations conditional on Zim's crew department head, Haim Zucker, not taking part, as it objects to his appointment.

The Zim management has stated that it would not tolerate union interference in its staff appointments. It noted that it had agreed to a review of the Gold Moon trouble, but the union had walked out when Zucker turned up.

The management also insisted that it would not acquiesce in the union attempt to turn a disciplinary matter into a labour dispute. The Gold Moon is currently struck in Eilat by seamen sympathetic to bosun Moshe Levi who recently was suspended for misconduct. The Jerusalem Post learned that Zim is awaiting the outcome of the Histadrut pressure on the union, but if the 11-day strike continues, it will take steps to assure the delivery of the 10,000 tons of export cargo on the ship. This would entail discharging the cargo and reloading it on other ships.

The cargo, which includes 6,000 tons of potash, is worth millions of dollars, and the Shippers' Council announced yesterday that the exporters were already gravely concerned at the delay in delivering the goods.

Meanwhile, negotiations between the union and the Shipping Companies' Association on their new labour contract resumed yesterday. But association director Shlomo Erel broke off the talks because he considered the union's demands "unrealistic."

The union then convened its enlarged secretariat, but after a stormy discussion refrained from taking immediate strike action, following consultations with its legal adviser. Instead, it asked for another "clarification talks" meeting, which Erel agreed to hold this afternoon.

However, the contract negotiations are not very meaningful as Zim, the leading shipping company, is refusing to take part as long as one of its ships is struck.

Haifa bickers over 9 to 9 store hours

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The City Executive tried yesterday to abolish a by-law which limits the hours a shop may remain open during the day. But under great pressure from the local Merchants' Association, they postponed their decision until next week.

The controversy centres around the recently opened Maksal shopping centre, which is open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Located near the Checkpost, the giant shopping centre has a membership programme, but also sells to the general public at rates which are 20 to 30 per cent lower than the average retail prices, according to one city council member.

Most City Executive members said they favoured abolishing the by-law, and praised the enterprise as a boon for consumers. Apart from the lower prices, they pointed out, it eliminates a great deal of car traffic in town, and enables thousands of persons who work during regular shopping hours to do their purchases afterwards. Avraham Danino, chairman of Zahavi (Society for the Advancement of Large Families), said the Maksal administration has agreed to provide free delivery for large families on purchase of IL500 or more, in a radius encompassing Nahariya, Yokne'am and Tirat Hacarmel.

Deputy Mayor Yona Engel asked for and obtained postponement of the by-law decision, apparently hoping to buy time and appease the Merchants' Association, who claim Maksal's hours are unfair competition.

Four Accused of digging up, keeping antiquities

Four residents of the West Bank have been accused in the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court of digging up antiquities at archaeological sites without a permit and holding them without informing the Department of Antiquities.

Three men — Omar Keraki, 20; Hamis Abu-Nabi, 25; and Abed Sanduka, 25 — were accused of taking 18 Roman coins, as well as glass pieces and pottery sherds, from the dig adjacent to the Western Wall. A fourth man, Muhammad Abdallah, 45, is accused of stealing three swords from the Middle Bronze period, valued at some IL5,000, from a site near Beit Shemesh. (Itim)

THE 13TH CONVENTION of the Histadrut will take place from October 9 to 12, the Histadrut Central Committee decided Sunday, with the opening ceremony in Jerusalem and deliberations in Tel Aviv.

Old City man, 70, stabbed to death

A boy who came to train in an Old City sports club yesterday morning found its 70-year-old owner lying stabbed to death in a pool of blood.

The boy rushed out of the premises to alert shopkeepers in Rehov Hagai in the Moslem quarter and police were immediately called to the scene. The victim, Mohammed Ismail Sha'ar, had been stabbed several times with a sharp instrument.

Police have no clues as yet, and Jerusalem police commander Tat-Nitsav David Kraus has formed a special team of detectives to investigate the crime. (Itim)

Convict killed in prison brawl

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — A convict at the prison here was stabbed to death by fellow inmates yesterday morning.

According to a Prison Service spokesman, a fight broke out between several prisoners in the work area. When guards managed to break up the fight, they found Naim Yehezkel lying on the ground bleeding from the chest. He was rushed to the nearby hospital, but all efforts to save him failed.

Yehezkel was serving a 33-month term for robbery. At this stage, prison officials do not know the background to the quarrel or what weapon was used. The police are investigating.

Man dies after gulping arak

The body of a Jerusalem resident, who apparently drank too much arak too quickly, was brought to the police department in Jerusalem's Russian compound yesterday morning.

The deceased, whose name was not given, went drinking with a friend on Sunday night. After an an amiable chat and a little wine, the deceased reportedly "went crazy" and proceeded to drink the entire contents of a bottle of arak in one gulp. Feeling ill, he went outside to clear his head and ended up asleep in the back seat of his friend's car.

On discovering the arak drinker in his car, the friend left him be and drove home, figuring that during the night the drunk would dry out and go home. Yesterday morning he was still in the car, dead.

The police have asked for an autopsy to verify cause of death. (Itim)

Man drowns in sea near Ashkelon

ASHKELON (Itim). — A Beersheba man was drowned while swimming off the unauthorized Zikim beach south of here on Sunday.

Uri Marina, 25, was bathing with his girl-friend on Sunday afternoon when he was dragged out to sea by the strong undertow in the area. By the time other bathers managed to reach him he was dead. The Zikim beach is clearly marked with signs prohibiting bathing.

Police requested an autopsy to establish the cause of death, but Ashkelon Magistrate's Court Judge Zvi Nadiv turned down the request on the grounds that there was no evidence of foul play.

Ussishkin Tora stolen

A Tora scroll donated by the late Zionist leader Menahem Ussishkin was stolen last week from the ark of the Yeshurun synagogue in central Jerusalem. The scroll is valued at IL50,000. Police are investigating. (Itim)

Starting tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.00 P.M. at Kikar Atarim!

'77 Grand Summer Sale
30% Reduction
on all the latest summer collections from Europe and Israel and the great opportunity to win
3 FREE GROUP FLIGHT TICKETS TEL AVIV-PARIS-TEL AVIV (TRAVEL TAX INCLU.)
with AIR FRANCE

all eye & adam
TEL AVIV, KIKAR ATARIM, TEL. 285082
KFAR SHMARYAHU, TEL. 930055

American Tourister

Well known the world over American Tourister luggage and suitcases are available in Israel in various sizes and colours.
SPECIAL COMBINATION LOCK ELIMINATES KEYS. (Optional)
For sale at KOL-BO SHALOM and its better luggage stores

American Tourister
Sole agency for Western Europe and Israel AGPAL Ltd. P.O.B. 1891 Tel 255544 Tel Aviv

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra
(special seats for tourists)
Conductor: Zubin Mehta
Soloist: Henryk Szeryng, violin
Wednesday, July 6, 8.30 p.m., Mann Auditorium, Tel Aviv
Tickets for the performance on Sunday, July 10, also available.
תור-טל tour-tel
חברה לשרותי תיירות TOURISTS FACILITIES CO.
107 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, Tel. 03-227132, 03-224120.

ELBIT COMPUTERS LTD.
Advanced Technology Centre — Haifa
P.O.B. 5390, Haifa

On its entry into the fields of developing and marketing advanced products, Elbit Computers Ltd. offers interesting and challenging positions for

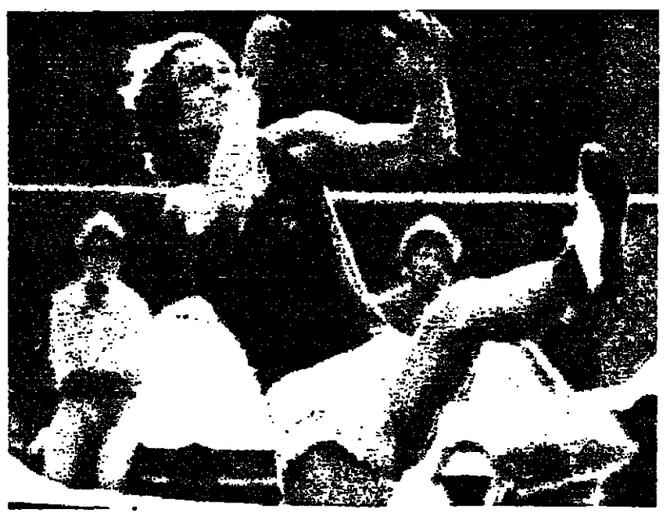
Systems Programmers/Analysts

for senior responsibilities in the following areas:

* Operating Systems
* Compilers
* Software Manufacturing
* Data Management
* Diagnostic Systems
* Systems
* Application Development
* Marketing Support in the fields of Basic Programming and Applications Programming

The positions offered are for the development and programming of mini-computer systems, marketed in Israel and abroad.
The jobs entail travel abroad.
The work promises professional interest and excellent salary conditions and advancement opportunities.
Experienced, talented candidates seeking professional challenge should apply to representatives of Elbit Computers Ltd. at

The Hilton Hotel, Tel Aviv on Wednesday and Thursday, July 6-7, 1977, 8 a.m.-8 p.m.



Vladimir Yashenko, 18, of the USSR, sets a new 7"7¼" world record high jump during the U.S.-USSR Junior Track and Field Meet at the University of Richmond, Virginia, on Sunday. (UPI telephoto)

Guerrillas bombard Mauritanian capital

PARIS. — Guerrillas fighting for the independence of the Western Sahara bombarded the Mauritanian capital of Nouakshott on Sunday night to dramatize their claims before the current summit meeting of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), French press reports said yesterday.

Three Mauritanian soldiers were wounded, the reports said. There was no information on whether the guerrillas suffered casualties. The reports said about 15 cross-country vehicles carried the guerrillas close enough to the dusty Mauritanian capital to fire mortars, recoilless rifles and machineguns at the palace of President Mokhtar Ould Daddah.

Guerrillas in other vehicles attacked a Mauritanian post north of Nouakshott, the reports said, but all firing stopped after 45 minutes and the guerrillas withdrew.

At the same time the guerrillas sent an open letter to the OAU. Copies sent to Paris newspapers said, "It is time for the OAU to live up to its responsibilities and... make formal accusations against Morocco and Mauritania."

Mauritanian Foreign Minister Hamdi Ould Mouknass blamed "Algerian mercenaries" for the attacks, and said they were now being pursued by government troops.

Mouknass said "some shots from Algerian mercenaries" were fired but the incident was unimportant. (UPI, Reuter)

Ethiopia poised for onslaught on rebels; Israel aid denied

NAIROBI (Reuter). — Ethiopia has flown some 10,000 troops to combat Eritrean secessionists and several thousand more to eastern Ethiopia to fight Somali-backed insurgents, according to diplomatic sources in Addis Ababa.

The diplomatic sources said the new government campaign was not expected to be launched until Head of State Lieut.-Col. Mengistu Haile Mariam returns from the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) summit in Gabon sometime this week.

The task of the Ethiopian troops being flown and driven to eastern Ethiopia would be to dislodge Somali-backed insurgents from the Djibouti-Addis Ababa railway, blown up a month ago, and to reopen roads to the besieged towns of Harrar and Jijiga, observers in Addis Ababa said.

Twice in the past week reporters at Addis Ababa international airport have seen hundreds of Ethiopian regular troops climbing aboard three jetliners of the national airline. Piles of ammunition and other equipment stood just off the apron in front of the main air terminal.

The airport sources said that as well as regular flights with weapons cargoes from East Germany and Libya, occasional flights were also arriving from Israel. The Israeli aircraft taxied straight into hangars after arriving, and it was not known what they were carrying.

Israel helped train Ethiopia's Fifth "Flame" Division before the present military government came to power, but Ethiopian government officials deny that any connection is now maintained with Israel.

Wanted Panther returns to U.S.

SAN FRANCISCO (AP). — Black Panther leader Huey Newton, facing murder and assault charges, returned to a hero's welcome Sunday night after 2½ years of self-imposed exile in Cuba. He was taken into custody and whisked to Oakland.

Newton, a founder of the Black Panthers, arrived at San Francisco international airport on a flight from Vancouver, Canada. Before he left the airport, Newton addressed a crowd of hundreds of supporters who greeted him with shouts of "Free Huey." Some carried banners reading, "Justice for Huey Newton."

Newton claimed the charges against him in Oakland were "only a further attempt to frame me and the Black Panther Party." He said he decided to end his exile in Cuba because he believes Senate committee disclosures about CIA and FBI activities have "raised peoples' consciousness."

Huey Newton arriving in San Francisco. (UPI Telephoto)

Cairo gunmen still hold minister

CAIRO (Reuter). — A second deadline set yesterday by extremist Moslem gunmen who have threatened to kill former Egyptian cabinet minister Mohammed Hussein Zahabi, passed yesterday evening without agreement between the kidnappers and the authorities.

But Interior Ministry officials said after the 5.00 p.m. time limit expired that they hoped for a result shortly or at least another extension of the deadline. The kidnappers are demanding that 60 jailed members of their sect be placed on an aircraft which would take them to a yet unknown destination. They also demand 200,000 Egyptian pounds (about IL3.4m.). The officials said they are prepared to meet all the kidnappers' demands except for releasing the prisoners.

The gunmen from the ultra-conservative Moslem Society, who kidnapped Zahabi, former Minister of Religious Endowments on Sunday, had originally threatened to kill him at noon yesterday if their demands were not met.

The gunmen, who are channelling their demands through an emissary, pledged to release Dr. Zahabi once they reached their destination.

Earlier yesterday an emissary from the sect, the "Al-Takfir Wal Hijira", or Society for the Repentance and Flight from Sin, told Interior Ministry officials that Zahabi's life would be spared if "some" of their demands were met, ministry sources said.

The sources were unable to say which demands the government would have to meet to secure Zahabi's release, but said negotiations with the emissary were continuing.

Suarez picks new cabinet

MADRID (UPI). — Premier Adolfo Suarez named Spain's first democratic cabinet in 38 years yesterday choosing both new faces from his middle-of-the-road coalition that won the June 15 parliamentary elections and six key holdovers from his former government.

A simultaenous reorganization of the ministries cut down the number of military portfolios from four to one and reduced the armed forces' influence in government.

It was the first time since the late strongman Francisco Franco won the 1936-39 civil war that a government reflected the results of a free election.

The 44-year-old premier limited his 19 new ministers to members of his Democratic Centre Union (UCD) alliance and independents and technocrats of the same political stripe.

In another development, Spain yesterday expelled the second Russian official in four months for alleged espionage.

Guennady Vassilievich Sveshnikov, an official of a Soviet-Spanish trade firm, was picked up by Spanish counter-espionage agents near Madrid last Saturday with classified defence documents in his possession, the government said.

Last March, Spain expelled a member of the Soviet trade mission here, Yuri Pivovarov, for allegedly gathering information on Spanish heavy industry for the Soviet intelligence service.

400 die in floods outside Karachi

KARACHI (AP). — More than 400 people died in last week's flooding of two rivers near Karachi, unofficial Pakistan sources said on Sunday Most of the dead were children and old people.

Twelve residential areas on Karachi's outskirts were washed away completely.

Amin: 'I caught those who tried to kill me'

LIBREVILLE, Gabon (UPI). — President Idi Amin of Uganda yesterday for the first time admitted an assassination attempt took place against him in Kampala last month and said he had captured several of the plotters.

Addressing the 14th summit meeting of the Organization of African Unity, Amin told African leaders, "I captured some of the people who tried to assassinate me."

Under interrogation, he said, the plotters admitted his assassination was part of a wider plot to kill several African revolutionary leaders, including the presidents of Angola and Guinea, and Marien Ngouabi of the Congo who was slain in March.

"But God was there with us," Amin said of his own successful escape. "We got them and we are now very happy."

In his stilted English Amin said, "The whole Western press knew what was going to happen to me, but we fooled them."

The assassination attempt, engineered by army and air force officers, took place last month when the plotters ambushed Amin's car on the outskirts of Entebbe and demolished it with bazooka and machine gun fire.

Amin was apparently riding in a second car but fought his way out of the ambush. According to some reports he was slightly wounded in the attack and dropped out of sight for a full week to recover.

He showed no visible signs of wounds during his 20-minute speech, often punctured with uproarious laughter at his remarks by the delegates.

In another development, a former Amin aide reported yesterday that between 200 and 300 persons were killed simply for having laughed in the streets of Uganda following the Israeli operation in Entebbe.

This is claimed by Godfrey Lule, the former Ugandan Minister of Justice, who defected to Britain last month with his wife and seven children.

Idi Amin

Writing in "The Daily Mirror" on the first anniversary of the Entebbe raid, he says that the Ugandan people were delighted that their ruler had been humiliated. "It was a rare and spontaneous outburst of feeling in a fear-ridden society. And it was to lead to a bloodbath."

Meanwhile, there was mounting concern yesterday over the safety of Canadian journalist Gerald Utting, who has not been seen since flying to Uganda 13 days ago to investigate the coup attempt against Amin.

A spokesman for the Canadian High Commission (embassy) in Nairobi said attempts to trace Utting in Uganda have so far met with no success.

Opec states near oil price parity

CARACAS (UPI). — Venezuelan Energy Minister Valentin Hernandez yesterday expressed satisfaction over reports that Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates had equalized their 1977 price increases with those of nine other members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

A little more than six months ago, the two Arab countries triggered the OPEC split, vowing to hold their 1977 price increases to five per cent, while the other members said they would hike prices first by 10 per cent and then, on July 1, by another five per cent.

OPEC hawks Iraq and Libya have yet to join the rest of OPEC in cancelling the July 1 price hike. But most oil watchers expected the hardliners to soften, and oil industry sources said that even if they didn't there would be no real effect on world oil prices.

Two California homosexuals may have murdered 43 victims

RIVERSIDE, California (AP). — Two avowed homosexuals accused of two murders are being questioned about other deaths in Southern California's "trash-bag" sex murders case, which could involve up to 43 victims.

Patrick Kearney, 37, and David Hill, 34, were in the county jail on Sunday with arraignment scheduled for today in a municipal court after making statements confirming possible murders dating back to 1967.

They surrendered to police on Friday and were booked for investigation in the slayings of two men whose bodies were found in Riverside County in March.

Authorities were questioning Kearney and Hill about six other bodies discovered over the past two years and planned to search five additional counties this week for another "30 to 35" more bodies, Los Angeles County sheriff's deputy Marvin Cavanaugh said.

The eight male victims were found along highways in Riverside, Los Angeles, San Diego and Orange Counties. All were nude and had been shot in the head or mutilated or both, Cavanaugh said. Four of the bodies — aged from about 16 to 28 — were stuffed in plastic bags, causing detectives to call them "the trash-bag murders."

Owen affirms U.K. 'link' with Moslems

LONDON (Reuter). — Britain has strong traditional links throughout the Islamic world and these have never been firmer that they are today, British Foreign Secretary David Owen said yesterday in a special message to the opening session of an international Islamic economic conference here.

Politicians and economists from Moslem countries are holding a five-day conference aimed at moving the world towards a new economic order which will give more aid to the developing nations of the Third World.

Their main theme is the role the world Moslem community can play in international economic development.

Vladimir Nabokov: A master writer dies

MONTREUX, Switzerland. — Vladimir Nabokov, the Russian-born novelist who died over the weekend at the age of 78, was a brilliant master of many cultures.

His loves ranged well beyond literature and into areas ranging from chess to lepidopterology — and he was credited with discovering a dozen new varieties of butterfly.

He also attacked widely-cherished intellectual fashions, proving himself on many occasions a skilled practitioner of barbed polemic.

Vladimir Nabokov was born in St. Petersburg, now Leningrad, the son of a wealthy lawyer and politician.

But the family fled from Russia after the 1917 Bolshevik revolution, leaving behind a vast fortune.

Nabokov, educated by governesses and tutors, learned English before he could speak Russian, and displayed an early talent for painting along with his many other gifts.

In his memoir "Conclusive Evidence," Nabokov listed his ancestors as "the first caveman who painted a mammoth, a mediaeval Russified Tartar prince, a long line of German barons, an obscure Crusader, a well-known composer, Boyars, landowners, military men, a rich Siberian merchant, the first president of the Russian Imperial Academy of Medicine, and a state minister of justice."

He published a first book of poems in 1914 and later, in Berlin as an exile, taught such subjects as boxing, tennis and languages, as well as compiling crossword puzzles for an emigre newspaper.

Attempting to earn enough money to be able to have time to write his own books, Nabokov also translated works by Shakespeare, Goethe, de Musset, Tennyson, Yeats and Lewis Carroll. His translation of Carroll's "Alice in Wonderland" earned him the equivalent of just $5.

He took a degree at Cambridge University in England, then began to pour out writings in Russian.

It was only in 1941 that he published his first novel in English — "The Real Life of Sebastian Knight." By that time he had become a lecturer in Slavic languages at Stanford University, California.

In 1942, his interest in the study of butterflies and moths led to his appointment as a research fellow in comparative zoology at Harvard University.

In 1948, now an American citizen, he went to Cornell University in New York State as a professor of Russian and European literature.

Despite more fiction and an autobiography in English, he remained relatively obscure until 1955 and "Lolita."

First published in Paris, the book was initially turned down by four American publishers and caused parliamentary debate in Britain.

"Lolita," about the passion of a middle-aged intellectual for a 12-year-old girl, swiftly brought Nabokov notoriety as well as fame.

It was praised by Graham Greene as a masterpiece and denounced by the "New York Times" as "dull in a pretentious, florid and archly fatuous fashion."

It was banned in many countries but was eventually recognized as a classic work of satire, with much to say about love and the problems of modern American society.

But its ultimate success set him financially free to write fulltime and more novels, such as "Pale Fire," followed, along with attacks by the novelist on the doctrines he considered the principal scourges of the century — Communism and Freudianism.

"I reject completely the vulgar, shabby, fundamentally mediaeval world of Freud, with its crankish quest for sexual symbols and its bitter little embryos spying from their natural nooks upon the love life of their parents."

The tall, round-faced, balding Nabokov of exquisite manners and slow speech reflected his own life in such works as "Pnin," a study of an emigre Russian professor at a small American college, and "The Real Life of Sebastian Knight," mirroring his Cambridge days.

Vladimir Nabokov

It was said about him that his world stopped with the Russian Revolution and that anything that happened later was of no consequence. His works showed annoyance with post-Revolution life.

In his later years, Nabokov moved with his Russian-Jewish wife to a lakeside luxury hotel in Montreux. Nabokov rarely left the Palace Hotel during the past year. He remained in bed, looking over Lake Geneva to the French Alps beyond. Only occasionally was he able to stand at his lectern, writing as always in neat, precise longhand.

A master of style and parody, Nabokov always told visitors that his great regret and disappointment was in never being awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.

At the hotel — he once said he never owned a home of his own — the Nabokovs lived a secluded life avoiding all publicity.

In one of his rare published interviews, Nabokov described himself as "an American writer born in Russia and educated in England where I studied French literature before spending 15 years in Berlin."

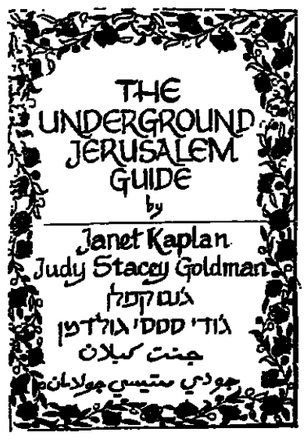
His death was announced by the hotel. The cause of death was not given. He is survived by his wife, whom he married in 1925, and their son, Dmitri. (AP, UPI, Reuter)

Haitian diplomat said slain on aide's orders

SALVADOR, Brazil (UPI). — The Haitian ambassador to Brazil was shot to death on Sunday by a gunman who said he had been paid for the killing by the slain diplomat's first secretary, police reported.

Ambassador Delorme Mehu, 45, was shot in Salvador, capital of the northeastern Brazilian state of Bahia, as he left a juice bar where he had bought a glass of cold coconut milk, police said.

A half-hour later, police arrested two suspects as they attempted to board a bus to Sao Paulo, police said. In a news conference, an official said that one suspect claimed he was to be paid 50,000 cruzeiros (more than IL30,000) for the murder by Haitian embassy first secretary Luis Robert Mackenzie. Mackenzie has denied the allegation.



A new book for Jerusalem lovers, high-spirited tourists and armchair travellers.

The first and only book that guides you off-the-beaten-track in Jerusalem.

How else, for instance, would you find someone to shave your soles, Jerusalem glassblowers, a boureka maker, fortune tellers, a real homeopath and someone to knit you a loofa?

And where in Jerusalem can you buy 3-dimensional embroidered graphics, ice poles, anti evil-eye charms, home-baked bricks and a really movable beast?

Full of photos and great gift ideas!

Published by Keter

Distributor: Steimatzky

Now available to readers of THE JERUSALEM POST

Price: IL39.50 at better bookshops and offices of The Jerusalem Post

To: The Jerusalem Post, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem, Israel
Please send me —— copies of "The Underground Jerusalem Guide" at IL39.50 each. My cheque for IL _____ is enclosed
Name _____
Address _____

West wavering on human rights at Belgrade

By HARRY TRIMBORN

BELGRADE. — A sense of isolation and frustration is beginning to sweep over the American delegation to the Helsinki Review Conference here because of the human rights issue.

The problem is not simply the Soviet attempt to downgrade the human rights provisions of the 1975 Helsinki Agreement and thereby defuse American efforts to have the signatory nations assess compliance with the accord. That much was expected.

But since the current conference's preparatory meetings got under way here on June 15, the U.S. has become concerned over an apparent erosion of West European support for the unified human rights position that had been formulated in lengthy preconference meetings among the Nato allies.

A top source in the U.S. delegation put the situation as follows: "The Nato position is not all that solid. Some Nato allies — the West Germans among others — have decided that the U.S. is endangering detente by its heavy stress on human rights. The Russians are playing on these fears when they talk to these people by trying to convince them that President Carter is going too far and is thereby threatening detente. That scares people, especially those who have Russian tanks on their borders."

But the Russians are playing on these fears in a cool manner, devoid of the verbal fireworks that had been expected. Still, they are, as the source put it, "fighting tooth and nail" to suppress the human rights issue. Their tactics include such moves as calling for a July 15 cutoff date for the current preparatory meetings and a December 15 deadline for the substantive meetings scheduled to begin around October 1.

The U.S., on the other hand, is pressing for an open-ended Belgrade meeting later this year to block Soviet attempts to minimize human rights discussions. The Americans are also pressing for committee discussions as a more effective means of covering the human rights issue. The Russians want such talks held only in general sessions.

The erosion of support for the U.S. strategy within Nato has forced the U.S. to attempt to shore up what it thought was a solid Nato stand with appeals to its allies not to give up or to undermine the preconference strategy. If the effort fails, the U.S. may be forced to tone down its own defence of human rights.

Meanwhile, however, preconference fears that the Russians might walk out if pressed too hard here on human rights have receded somewhat. But they remain a factor, especially in view of the tough opening speech by the Soviets' chief negotiator, Yuli Vorontsov.

The Soviet aim at present is clearly to downgrade the review of compliance with the human rights clauses in the Helsinki Accord by having it subordinated and mixed in with discussions on detente. In short, they want to look forward rather than backward into the potentially embarrassing past two years.

The West's proposed agenda, sponsored by Britain and the U.S., calls for a "thorough exchange of views" on compliance as the most important order of business, followed by talks on detente.

With the current deadlock, the delegates have shifted their attention to a decidedly secondary issue — whether to hold more Helsinki-type meetings after Belgrade.

This seems to be little more than an effort to give the appearance of progress while actually marking time to sort out the conflict over the agenda. After all, the desirability of any post-Belgrade meetings will surely hinge on the outcome of this year's sessions.

(Washington Post News Service)

No Rhodesia poll expected

SALISBURY. — Prime Minister Ian Smith does not plan to call an early general election despite the rift in his ruling Rhodesian Front Party, government sources said yesterday.

Press speculation on a snap election had followed the shock resignation at the weekend of party chairman Des Frost, who is expected to join 12 right-wing members of the 66-seat Parliament expelled from the party last month.

They had opposed Smith's race law reforms and his approach to a political settlement of his government's 11-year-old breakaway from British colonial rule.

The sources said certain factors made an election impractical and unnecessary. These included the current Anglo-American initiative for a negotiated settlement, which the sources said was still in its early stages and had yet to cover major issues. The continuing war against black guerrillas was also an argument against an early election campaign, the sources said.

If a constitutional settlement imposing majority rule or some compromise became imminent, the government would need a two-thirds majority in Parliament to pass the necessary legislation. The government feels confident that in these circumstances it could count on the votes of the 16 black members in countering any opposition from the 12 dissident right-wingers, the sources said.

The split in Rhodesia's ruling party does not make the efforts of the Anglo-American negotiating team any easier. John Graham, a senior Foreign Office official, left London yesterday for Nairobi and Lusaka where he will team up with U.S. Ambassador Stephen Low today for talks with the leaders of the black nationalist guerrilla movements.

Graham and Low's task is complicated by an increasing militancy among the black Rhodesian leaders. After meeting with the leaders of the more militant movements Graham and Low will fly to Salisbury for talks with local black Rhodesian leaders. It is not yet certain if they will meet with Smith during their talks with leaders of the white government. (UPI, Reuter)

THE ISRAEL FESTIVAL 1977

Sale of Tickets has Started for Performances in July

Available at:
★ Jerusalem: Cahana, Ben-Naim
★ Tel Aviv: Union, Hadran, Yuki, Kanaf, Lean, Masach, Atid, Kastel, Rococo.
★ Ramat Gan: Rachmitz
★ Netanya: Signal
★ Haifa: Main distributors — Kupat Haifa; and other agencies
★ Caesarea: Roman Amphitheatre box office, 9.30 a.m.-2.30 p.m., except Friday

visit the silk screen print exhibit

at khutsot hayotser, jerusalem, july 5-16, 1977

The Israel Family Planning Association invites you to a Public lecture in English on

Personal and Legal Aspects of Abortion

by Harriet F. Pilpel, L.L.B.

Senior partner in a New York law firm, member of the board of directors of the American Civil Liberties Union and general counsel to the Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc.

Thursday, July 7, 8.30 p.m., Beit B'nei B'rith, 10 Rehov Kaplan, Tel Aviv — Entrance Free.

If you are an

★ Excellent Secretary

Fluent in English (mother tongue), including shorthand and with good knowledge of Hebrew

★ English Stenographer

with good knowledge of Hebrew

Your place is with us...

Suitable candidates should apply in writing, detailing curriculum vitae and experience, to P.O.B. 1958, Haifa.

VISITORS' GALLERY

PROF. THOMAS C. CHALMERS

Hospitals compared

PROFESSOR Thomas C. Chalmers, President of the Medical Centre of Mount Sinai Hospital of New York City and Dean of its Medical School, is at present in Israel to attend an inter-disciplinary international symposium at The Hebrew University — Hadassah Medical School.

He is also discussing an exchange system with this Medical School, whereunder some three to five students from his Medical School come to Jerusalem, for a year's study, and a similar number go from Jerusalem to New York. The plan has been in operation now for several years.

"It's working very well indeed," says Professor Chalmers. "Both sides are very pleased with it. The Israeli hospital system is based largely on the European model. Israeli students who come to New York like the greater freedom of exchange between professors and students, the extra responsibility they get. On the other hand, my students who come here are very impressed by the high standards in the Medical School."

Has he any comments to make about an article by a volunteer intern, Dr. Baruch Rosenberg, which was published in *The Jerusalem Post* on June 17, before he arrived, and which criticized very harshly the hospital where Dr. Rosenberg worked?

"I read the article. First let me say that my own observations, and those of my students, give quite a contrary impression to that reported by Dr. Rosenberg. The papers given at the Conference were of a very high level, and subsequently we were shown some surgical cases at an Israeli hospital. The work we saw was superb, absolutely superb, particularly the work among war wounded.

"I got the impression from Dr. Rosenberg's article that he was not at a teaching hospital: the problems he describes are typical of any city hospital in America. There is a great difference between these hospitals and our teaching hospitals. The city hospitals rely on doctors with private practices. As for his complaint about the low standards among immigrant doctors, we have many immigrant doctors in our city hospitals — Indians, Pakistanis and Filipinos — but we make them do state examinations before they are licensed to practise. I understand that Israel makes things much easier for them, because the country is so keen to encourage immigration."

Mt. Sinai, New York, has 1,200 beds, and 400 students, with 100 students in each of four classes. Most of the patients are private patients; a private room costs $250 per day. Many patients nowadays are covered in some way against the ruin caused at one time by these heavy medical expenses: the Federal Government pays for patients over 65 under Medicare, the city and the state help the poor under Medicaid, the middle-classes are generally insured with the Blue Cross. "Despite the high price paid per bed, Mt. Sinai has had a terrible deficit this year," says Professor Chalmers. "We are $5m. in the red. We'll get about $1m. from the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, and we'll have to cut expenses to the bone to make good the rest. It's going to be very difficult."

In the ward

One of the complaints made about Israeli doctors in the hospitals is that they're not warm, kind, sympathetic men, like Dr. Welby of TV fame, and that they treat the patient only as an interesting subject to be referred for diagnosis and therapy to a battery of machines.

"I think the question of what kind of doctor a patient would like to have depends on how sick he is. Personally, if I were very ill, I would rather have a doctor with a good head than Dr. Welby with a good heart. The old days of the doctor relying on his stethescope and intuition are over; doctors have to use the remarkable machines we now have at our disposal."

The tools are very expensive; isn't that one reason why medicine is becoming so costly?

"That's true in the long run; in the short run, they may save us money. The most expensive item is keeping a patient in bed. The machines should speed up the time in which we can get them out. We have no system of outpatient care, such as you have in Israel.

"One major source of expense nowadays in America is a result of malpractice suits. Sentimental juries award vast damages to patients. As a result, insurance has become so prohibitive that many surgeons are in danger of being driven out of practice."

Part of the problem with the public, it seems to me, is that medicine has been democratized: in Israel, as a result, the poor are getting much better service than they used to get, the rich are getting worse. But everyone has in his mind's eye the prototype of a doctor like Dr. Welby, a prototype of the nurse a lady with a lamp, a radiant smile, and time to hold the patient's hand. When medical personnel don't measure up to these prototypes, patients and their families become very unhappy. Is this happening in America?

"To some extent. I think it is certainly happening in England, under the national health plan. But we've talked so much about what's wrong with medicine, let's talk about what's right with it, particularly in America, which I know best.

"The great thing is that we're doing very good research. You can't have good medicine without strong ongoing research. Before I went to Mt. Sinai, I was with the National Institutes of Health in Washington. America spends $150 billion a year on health care, $2-3 billion on research. I'd like it to be more. But we're making remarkable discoveries. Without research, your medical standards decline out of sight."

I am too ashamed to ask Professor Chalmers what the effect of a change in the Autopsies Act will be on Israeli medicine — I know the answer.

Philip Gillon

WRITERS AND READERS / Sraya Shapiro

From teacher, with love

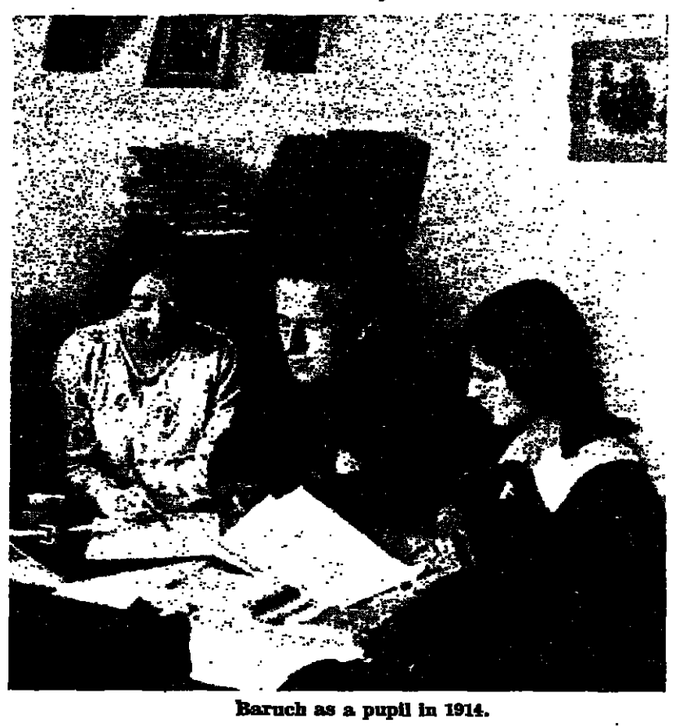
DR. BARUCH BEN-YEHUDA was a sober, tolerant logician, and a kindly educator who loved children. Yet, in an entry in his diary, in the late summer of 1929, he did not hesitate to write: "Tsfira came with her cousin from Hebron, who was saved by an Arab on that day of holocaust. She kept talking about what happened in Hebron. It was spine-chilling and made one's flesh creep. It is a sacred duty to teach the children of Israel to avenge the deeds of Hebron."

In Hebron that day, the mob massacred every Jew it could find. The sages in the Yeshiva refused the protection offered by Hagana, claiming that relations with their neighbours were excellent, and that nobody would ever touch a friendly and defenceless community.

Then Lord Passfield, the Colonial Secretary, almost caused Dr. Ben-Yehuda a nervous breakdown. For a Socialist leader to take the side of wanton murderers, to describe Zionism as oppressing the poor Arab nation, was, in the eyes of socialist-minded Ben-Yehuda, the acme of treason. "The whole *yishuv* stood up as one man. Protests raged in every town and village, every speaker noted the traditional perfidy of Albion." He considered the event "the beginning of ruin" and Lord Passfield "the emissary of the anti-Semitic Satan."

In the pupils' club-room, Dr. Ben-Yehuda spoke bitterly. Not only against the policy of the British, but because of "the slight response of the Jewish people to the call of its leaders for aliya." How little "realists" change over the ages, be they Big Powers or clever Jews in the Dispersion!

Apart from these two instances, current politics never entered the world of Dr. Ben-Yehuda and his pupils at the Gimnasia Herzliya. A recent graduate, *magna cum laude*, of a Belgian university, the young Ben-Yehuda was assigned as tutor to 14-year-olds in the fourth form of the school at which he himself had been a pupil ten years before. He took his task seriously, and was not content with the cursory supervision of discipline, as practised by most "tutors."



Baruch as a pupil in 1914.

The relationship between Dr. Ben-Yehuda and his class became a love affair of unique intensity. The diaries he kept at the time, and some of his pupils' writings, constitute the bulk of a 250-page volume called *Kulam Ahuvim* (I Loved Them All), just published by Dvir.

Not satisfied with meeting his wards during lessons (he taught mathematics, singing, and for a couple of years, the Bible), Dr. Ben-Yehuda created a class "club" which held discussions and published a wall-newspaper. He invited the youngsters to his home for music sessions (he played the concertina himself), and lent them books from his private library. He was the confidant of many a boy and girl (but mostly girls, it is true), who brought him their diaries to read and discuss with him their problems at home and their budding love affairs.

As in most love-affairs, there were plenty of frustrating moments in the relations between teacher and pupils. He wanted the young people to be straightforward, logical and honest. He took as a personal insult the practical jokes they sometimes played on other teachers. He particularly despised and hated the habit of copying from a friend in written tests.

The near-idolatry of some of his pupils caused him no end of problems with their parents, as well as with other teachers and official supervisors.

One of his most bitter disappointments turned out to be with the *Hugim* movement he helped to create. *Hugim* began as a group of pupils, a few years older than Ben-Yehuda's wards, who had asked their teacher's views on the purpose of secondary education. The popular trend among the young in the 1920's was to dismiss secondary education as an unnecessary luxury tainted with bourgeois traditions, incompatible with the national and social priorities of the period, which pointed to the kibbutz. Ben-Yehuda maintained that education was as important for national survival as raising tomatoes and he suggested that the pupils settle on the land after leaving school — which some of them did. However, when *Hugim* spread to other schools and became a national movement, they sent an emissary to Tel Aviv whose radical views conflicted with those of Ben-Yehuda. The harmony between school and pioneering, as preached by Dr. Ben-Yehuda, was thus impaired.

In his final address to the class, on school-leaving day, he told his pupils to spread the message of mutual tolerance in working for the Zionist goal. "Hate hatred, revolt against the hatred of Israel, bring the message of love to everyone in Israel, be he worker or employer, Socialist or Revisionist, orthodox or secular."

The mini-skirts are coming

By PENNY RADFORD

LONDON (Ofns). — There is a widespread and plausible theory that fashion trends are linked to the state of the world economy. In a depressed economy, goes the argument, people need comfort. They want to hide in their clothes from the awful realities of everyday life. So clothes get bigger, looser, with layer upon all-enveloping layer.

If there's anything in the theory, then suddenly, this summer, our troubles are over — because the mini is back. In all the major European capitals, it's the summer of the long, lean leg. And it takes very little batting of the brain to imagine a monstrous regiment of women frantically de-fuzzing, exercising, massaging and artificially browning the limbs which for the last few years have been modestly hidden beneath boots, calf-length smocks, baggies and blue jeans.

Fashion still begins in Paris for a lot of people, and anyone there for last Autumn's collection could and should have read the signs. They were all there. Every designer of any note had a mini in his collection, from Kenzo. Takada, with his giant bat-winged shirts bloused over belts to leave the merest frill skirting the thighs, to the more demure Dorothy Bis.

The resurrected mini is taking various forms in varying degrees of wearability. The most extreme, confident kind of mini is undoubtedly the version by Kenzo for Japs. This "balloon" of fabric, concealing the shape of bosom, waist and behind but coming in tight around thigh level, has been copied and recopied by the smaller and more adventurous of the off-the-peg design studios. It's as if Kenzo has used a compass where, 10 years ago, Courreges used a ruler and set square.

That's one of the most noticeable differences a decade has made. Dig out a dress from the forgotten fashions at the back of the wardrobe and the most striking thing about it is it's overall skimpiness: tiny, tight armholes, narrow shoulders, briefly flared skirts and coats as taut as military tunics — compared with the track-suit tops, huge peasant shawls, poncho coats and full ethnic skirts we've seen lately.

But although the mini that was a brief pelmet of fabric, barely skirting thighs, is long gone and chopping six inches off an old skirt simply won't give a girl the new one, there are simpler minis than Japs'. The budget versions of Dorothy Bis — straight, short, sporty skirts ending a few inches above the knee — have long, blouson tops that make them infinitely wearable and the perfect, practical answer for a city slicker who needs to be "in" but not "outre."

(Through the Looking Glass will not be appearing while Joanna Yehiel is on vacation).

IN MEMORIAM

ERNEST SIMKE

Mentor to ambassadors

THE DEATH of Ernest Simke, Israel's Honorary Consul-General in Manila, has shocked and deeply grieved his many friends in Israel.

Ever since the establishment of the State, Simke was "Mister Israel" in the Philippines. Ambassadors and their staff kept changing, Jewish and Zionist envoys came and went. But it was Ernest Simke in unswerving loyalty, in indefatigable devotion, who was the rock of constant, permanent Jewish and Israeli presence. His wisdom, his shrewd common sense, his wide-ranging connections and contacts with leading Filipino personalities and the respect in which he was held, made his counsel, his active help, invaluable.

This became first apparent in 1947, during the feverish efforts to recruit support for the Jewish-Statehood Resolution at the UN, when every single vote counted. This Jew of German origin, who had left his native Berlin as a very young man in the late 1920s had, via China, reached the Philippines, settled there and acquired Filipino citizenship. After the difficult years of Japanese occupation and internment, he built up a prosperous business. And so Ernest Simke was the main contact with the recently independent Government of the Philippines and played a decisive role in obtaining its vote in favour of Israel.

His appointment, in 1950, as Honorary Consul-General of Israel gave a formal well-deserved, endorsement to his role, which had all along been a fact. When an Israel Ambassador was accredited, it was, again, Simke who served as his mentor.

His home was the centre of everything Israeli, his hospitality extended to every Israeli coming to or passing through Manila. And with many of the Israelis he thus met over the years there developed warm and loyal relations of friendship for life.

Simke's last years were not the happiest. His wife had died in tragic circumstances in the late fifties; he himself was a sick man, and knew it; his efforts to find a niche in Israel had not been successful. What kept him alive and active and reasonably contented was — beside the joy of watching the progress and success of his children and grandchildren — his concern for and loyalty to Israel.

His memory will be cherished by Israel, by the many he helped, and most warmly by his personal friends.

Yaacov Shimoni

Scientific freeze

Special to The Jerusalem Post

NOT ALL refrigerators are for domestic use, certainly not the dilution model recently devised by physicists at the Hebrew University. Intended for all fields of low temperature research, it creates continuous temperatures as low as any in the world, and is more flexible and economical than others now in use.

Working in the Nuclear Physics Laboratory of the University's Racah Institute of Physics, a research team led by Dr. John Hess has spent four years designing and building the helium-3 dilution refrigerator which can reach temperatures below one thousandth of a degree above absolute zero (273°C).

Such bone-chilling zones are the world of low temperature physics research, where molecular movement is slowed almost to a halt (at absolute zero all molecular motion stops) and the scientists can observe processes that are otherwise hidden from them.

The stainless steel refrigerator was built entirely in the University's physics machine shop at a fraction of its market value. Its operation is far cheaper than that of previous models, and it can easily be adapted to a wide variety of cryogenic (low temperature) research.

To illustrate its multi-purpose capability, Dr. Hess says the machine is now being changed over from Mossbauer Effect measurements to nuclear demagnetization work — a change which in other, wealthier laboratories would entail the purchase or fabrication of an entirely new, additional refrigerator.

The Hebrew University model has very low consumption of liquid helium and other design features which make for unusually economical operation. It can work continuously for weeks at a time with a minimum of cost and personnel. Its flexibility, says Dr. Hess, "gives our students a quality of training that places them in great demand in research and industrial positions."

Potential applications of low temperature physics are especially in the field of superconductivity. Metals chilled to such temperatures become virtually non-resistant to an electrical current, for example, and huge amounts of power can be passed through them. Thus, compact and lightweight power systems, based on cold aluminium rather than copper conductors, might be an outgrowth of such research in the future. Other possibilities include the development of supersensitive instrumentation which might have application in geological research.

Working with Dr. Hess are technician Uri Schmid and doctoral student Avraham Levy. Dr. Hess, who immigrated to Israel from the United States in 1967, streases that it was the challenge of limited resources of budget, space and personnel which spurred the inventiveness of his team to devise the machine with its superior features. The research was funded entirely by Israeli sources, primarily a grant from the Israel Academy of Sciences and Humanities.

Cinema

THE GREAT SCOUT and CATHOUSE THURSDAY (Chen, Tel Aviv) Director Don Taylor. Starring Lee Marvin, Oliver Reed, Kay Lenz and Elizabeth Ashley.

COLORADO, 1908 — Irate Sam Longwood (Lee Marvin of "Cat Ballou" fame), one-time American hero and frontier scout, and his half-breed pal, Joe Knox (British actor Oliver Reed in disguise) are out to get their $60,000 back from two-faced railroad tycoon, Jack Colbi (Robert Culp). How they succeed, in this bawdy adventure story, is a riot of fun. From the moment Joe rides off with a police-wagon full of prostitutes from the local cathouse, there is non-stop nonsense and laughter; mostly well-timed, well-executed and certainly entertaining.

The plot is multiple with action piling upon action and a fair amount of absurd ingenuity. Kidnapped by Joe, Cathouse Thursday (Kay Lenz) is fleeing from her angry proprietoress; Nancy Sue (Elizabeth Ashley) once desired by Sam and now the disloyal wife of Colbi is held hostage against the money in a bid that fails; a bottle of wasps causes chaos in the bank-kiosk during a boxing match Colbi promoted; and Sam falls reluctantly in love with Thursday...

There are shiny limousines, runaway wagons, tumblings out of second-floor windows, buxom women and startled chickens.

Directed by Don Taylor, with a large starring cast and a lively screen play by Richard Shapiro, this lightweight Western comedy is fast-moving, relaxing, and excellent for a laugh.

DOMINI KEEBLE

EVERY BUYER OF A "MARVIN" WATCH GETS A "RONSON" LIGHTER FREE

MARVIN
SWISS MADE SINCE 1850

MUSIC REVIEWS

Indigestible marathon

YOUNG SOLOISTS — the Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra, Mendi Rodan conducting (Jerusalem Theatre-June 23). Bach: Piano Concerto in D Minor (Liora Ziv-Li); Ravel: Introduction and Allegro, for Harp and Orchestra (Irena Kaganovsky): Mozart: Piano Concerto in B-flat, K.595 (Arnan Wiesel); Mozart: Flute Concerto in G, K.313 (Margalit Gafni); Mendelssohn: Violin Concerto in E Minor, opus 64 (Eyal Shiloah).

THE ISRAEL Broadcasting Authority repeated its mistake of yesteryear: its annual presentation of young talent again took on the proportions of a Marathon, with five works lasting close to midnight. If there are so many promising young artists, why not present them all year round, and in digestible quantities? And what is the definition of "young" for this purpose? The first two soloists must have been well into their twenties—not a young age for performing artists.

Liora Ziv-Li played the Bach Concerto with digital fluency and rhythmical exactitude as demanded by stylistic requirements; to evaluate her musical gifts, a work from the classical or romantic periods would be needed. The excessive ballet movements of her arms might be in place at the harp, but at the piano they detract rather than add.

The same movements were to be seen in Arnan Wiesel's performance of the Mozart Concerto, so it seems to be a new fad. Arnan was obviously very nervous, but it is to his credit that he did not play one of the most popular Concertos but chose the beautiful one in E-flat. He still has a long way to go, but shows himself as very promising material. Irena Kaganovsky (possibly a new immigrant from Russia but no background information was given about age, teachers, etc. of the debutants) played like a well-experienced performer and could be an asset to any orchestra in the country.

I heard Margalit Gafni in the Mozart Flute Concerto over the radio and found again, listening to her for the second time, that she is fluent and quite eloquent in her part though there is something missing which would turn her performance into a real musical experience. Mendi Rodan is an ideal orchestra leader for he watches his soloists with paternal love and keeps them on safe ground all the time, supporting them with firm direction and alert playing by the orchestra.

I missed Eyal Shiloah's playing of the Mendelssohn Concerto, as the broadcast mercifully stopped at 11 p.m., and his performance was included in the following day's broadcast.

YOHANAN BOEHM

Light and entertaining

HAIFA SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, Subscription Concert No.10. Yuval Zaliouk — conductor; Atar Arad — viola (Haifa Auditorium, June 27). Beethoven: Symphony in C Major No.1, Op.21; Stamitz: Concerto for Viola and Orchestra in D Major, Op.1; Paganini: Sonata per la Grand' Viola ed Orchestra; Rossini: Overture to "The Thieving Magpie."

OUTGOING conductor, Yuval Zaliouk skilfully conducted Beethoven's First Symphony, combining stylistic traditions of the 18th century with some touches of the authentic Beethoven humour and whimsy.

Atar Arad is an Israeli violaplayer (and violinist) living in London. He has a warm singing tone, technical dexterity, and he applies beautiful phrasing. He gave an earnest and dedicated rendering of the Stamitz Concerto.

Paganini, the unparalled showman of the violin had a special love for the viola. Atar Arad performed the Sonata per la Grand' Viola — though on a small viola — with confidence, impressive virtuosity, stirring tone and emotional involvement. The Cadenzas in both Concertos were written by the soloist, whose impressive manifestation of viola playing evoked a deserved ovation from the audience.

The Overture to "The Thieving Magpie," light and entertaining, provided the finale to this season's last concert.

ESTHER REUTER

Sad showing at the Khan

By JOAN CASS

THE DANCE and poetry presentation at Jerusalem's Khan last Friday afternoon was a downer. Rina Shaham offered her audience too little in either performing excitement or choreographic content, to justify a solo concert of four long numbers, even with the added presence of Pinchas Koren in readings of Hebrew poetry.

It is this critic's opinion that Shaham's talents lie in other directions. Her commendable role in helping to found Batsheva II and her choreography of "Poem" for that group, were both positive contributions to Israeli dance.

CLASSIFIEDS

DEADLINES Jerusalem: Weekdays: 10 a.m. of day prior to publication. For Friday's paper: 5 p.m. on Wednesday. For Sunday's paper: 3 p.m. on Thursday. Tel Aviv and Haifa: Weekdays and Friday: 12 noon two days prior to publication. For Sunday's paper: 12 noon Thursday.

Ads are accepted at all offices of The Jerusalem Post (for addresses see masthead on back page) and at all recognized advertising agencies.

Weekday rates including VAT: Minimum charge of IL51.84 for eight words: IL6.48 for each additional word. Friday and holiday eve rates including VAT: Minimum charge of IL69.12 for eight words: IL8.64 for each additional word.

WHERE TO STAY

HOLIDAY APARTMENTS for rent with swimming pool. Herzliya Heights. 4 Rehov El Al, Herzliya. Tel. 03-930251.

DWELLINGS

JERUSALEM

NON-RELIGIOUS LADY, looking for studio apartment or furnished room. Tel. 02-528181, ext. 271, (Betty or Lydia), from 5 to 8 p.m., or 02-60280.

GAD BUILDING COMPANY LTD. offers 2 spacious 6 room flats in split-level house in "Zameret Habira" on Givat Hazorfati, about 190 sqm. Occupancy in another year. High standard and reasonable prices. Tel. 02-227775, 02-2233840.

TEL AVIV

TOURISTS! Rooms in luxury apartments near waterfront. Tel. 03-227907.

FOR SALE: 3½ room flat, Rehov Kaplanski, Tel Ganim. Tel. 03-741922, 744134.

HERZLIYA

FOR SALE the only few apartments left in first class resort hotel. "Moran." Tel. 03-932759.

NETANYA

HOFIT VILLA exclusive area close to Netanya. Bargain. Tel. 053-96560.

RAMAT GAN

RAMAT GAN wonderful penthouse in building with garden. Private, 3 rooms, 3rd. floor, no elevator, occupancy October. IL325,000. Tel. 03-222604, 03-458011, 03-230072.

HEATING SYSTEMS

PLUMBING, HEATING systems, maintenance, repairs. T.D.L. Tel. 02-225850.

INSURANCE

GOSHEN HOUSEHOLD and automobile insurances. For free quotation telephone 03-717611.

LOST & FOUND

LOST FEMALE CAT in Talbieh, "SADIE," white, orange, grey. Brown Collar. Reward. Tel. 02-33935.

MISCELLANEOUS

STORAGE SPACE for cartons or books or documents etc., available. Call Tel. 03-751197, Pesya.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

PIANOS much better — yet cheaper. The experts: Kleinmann, Jerusalem / Tel Aviv.

PERSONAL

YOUNG REFINED GIRL, academician (Music), looks for young, adequate husband. Contact: "A-A", Poste Restante, 130 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

PURCHASE / SALE

FOR SALE queen-size teak bed. excellent orthopedic mattress. Tel. 02-61129.

SEGAL BUYS everything, televisions, stereos, furniture, liquidations Tel. 03-832267, 03-862856.

SERVICES

MASSAGE only by appointment, 14 Rehov Frug. Tel. 03-232278.

YOUNG MASSEUSE receives for general massage, 43 Ben Yehuda, flat 11.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED station manager for Car Hire. Tel. 02-234903.

REQUIRED INDEPENDENT correspondent able to manage office. Tel. 03-825719.

ENGLISH TYPIST secretary, experienced for half day. Please contact Tel. 03-58464.

FULL TIME experienced English shorthand typist. Spoken Hebrew desirable but not necessary. Insurance-adjusters office. Tel. Tel. 03-253167.

TEL AVIV GALLERY seeks mature responsible woman. Shift work. Tel. 02-221294; 02-61052.

TYPISTS! Top rates for the best temporary jobs in town. Only we pay special summer bonus. Join the team and earn good money. Translator's Pool. Tel Aviv, 1 Rahel Street. Tel. 03-241780. Jerusalem, 6 Yanai Street. Tel. 02-228572. Haifa, 8a Lotus Street, Tel. 04-84268.

REQUIRED first class English shorthand/typist. English mother tongue. From 8.30 a.m.-2 p.m. Please phone Tel. 03-56142.

WANTED immediately for part-time job, English typist. Mother tongue English. Shorthand and telex operation. 4 hours a day. Friday free P.O.B. 16525, Tel Aviv.

TRAVEL

TOUR ISRAEL with ISSTA. 9 days from Dan to Eilat $199.-, 4 days North $117.-, 3 days South $74.-, 2 days Jerusalem $44.-. Also 7 days available for $149.-. More details in our offices.

VEHICLES

INTERNATIONAL SERVICE LTD. Buying and selling of passport cars. Tel. 03-623417, 9 a.m. - 5 p.m.

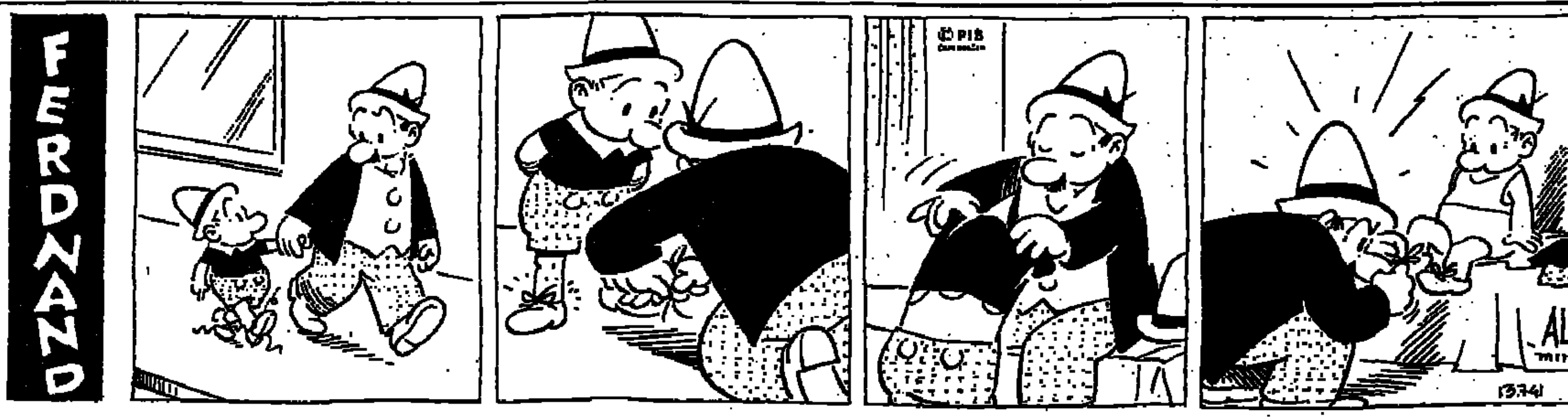
VAUXHALL, VICTOR automatic '74. First owner. Without taxes. Tel. day 057-78498, evening 057-75339.

1969 VOLKSWAGEN MINIBUS, good condition. Must sell. Best offer. Kibbutz Ginnosar. Tel. 067-92321.

TRIUMPH TIGER 650 motorcycle 1971. Excellent condition. Passport. $1,200.- Tel. 02-60671.

COMPANY BUYING and selling passport cars. Tel. 03-616652.

CHEVROLET MONZA, automatic 1976, 10,000 km. Passport to passport. Tel. 03-448134, evenings.



ENTERTAINMENT

TELEVISION

EDUCATIONAL: 16.00 Kidnapped — animated film based on the book by Robert Louis Stevenson. 17.00 A Boy Named Fish: A new series based on the book by Allison Morgan (part I)
CHILDREN'S PROGRAMMES:
17.30 Telepele
17.50 Chess Lesson
18.00 Circus
ARABIC-LANGUAGE programmes:
18.30 News roundup
18.32 Special regards from the Safari in Ramat Gan
19.00 Family magazine
19.30 News
HEBREW PROGRAMMES
resume at 20.00 with That's My Secret. Quiz programme with Uri Zohar, Moshe Rum, Idit Ne'eman, Eli Tavor
20.30 Kolbotek
21.00 Mabat newsreel
21.30 Theatre songs: Selections from Bertold Brecht's plays
22.10 Kojak: Dead Again
23.00 Behind the Headlines
23.50 News
JORDAN TV
(unofficial): 18.15* Cartoon. 18.25 Swiss Family Robinson. 19.30 News in Hebrew. 20.00 News in Arabic. 20.30 Phyllis. 21.10 Rich Man, Poor Man. 22.00 News in English. 22.15* Joe Forrester.

* Shows with asterisks are also on JTV 3.

CINEMAS

TEL AVIV 4.30, 7.15, 9.30
Allenby: Gone With The Wind; **Chen:** The Great Scout: **Cinema One:** Drum: **Cinema Two:** Yellow Submarine, 10, 12, 2, 4.30, 7.30, 9.30; **Ben Yehuda:** Sat.: City Lights; Sun.: Limelight, Mon.: The Gold Rush; Tue.: The Great Dictator, Wed.: Modern Times, Thurs.: City Lights; **Drive-In:** Rio Bravo, 7.30, 9.30; **Gat:** Fantasia, 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Dekel:** Won Ton Ton, 7.15, 9.30; **Gordon:** The Cassandra Crossing 4, 7, 9.30; **Hod:** King Kong, 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Ophir:** Run The Other Side of Violence; **Limor:** Peyton Place, 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Maxim:** Bons Baisers de Hongkong; **Mograbi:** A Star is Born, 6.45, 9.30; **Esther:** Hershele; **Orly:** The Incredible Sarah; **Peer:** Bugsy Malone, 4.30, 7.30, 9.30; **Paris:** Rififi, 10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.30; **Royal:** Hot Lips, 10, 12, 2, 4, 7.30, 9.30; **Ramat Aviv:** The Mean Machine, Mon., Wed., also 4.30; **Tel Aviv:** Tentacles, 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Shahaf:** Operation Thunderbolt, 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Zafon:** Fellini's Casanova, 6.45, 9.30; **Studio:** Network 7, 9.30; **Tchelet:** The Seven-per-Cent Solution, 4.30, 7.30, 9.30

JERUSALEM 4, 7, 9
Arnon: To Be or Not To Be; **Eden:** King Kong, 4, 7, 9.15; **Edison:** Biktim Hergun Olmekten; **Habirah:** Bon Baisers de Hongkong; **Jerusalem:** Operation Thunderbolt, 7, 9.15; **Mitchell:** Cousin, Cousine, 7, 9; **Orgil:** Hershele; **Orna:** The Garden; **Orion:** The Cassandra Crossing 4, 6.30, 9; **Ron:** The Dirty Dozen, 4, 8.30; **Semadar:** Emmanuelle, 7, 9.15

HAIFA 4, 6.45, 9
Amphitheatre: Bon Baisers de Hongkong; **Armon:** The Land That Time Forgot; **Atzmon:** Cours Apres Moi... Que Je T'attrape; **Chen:** The Dirty Dozen, 6.15, 8.45; **Miron:** Sex Model; **Moriah:** Operation Thunderbolt, 6.30, 9; **Shavit:** Miracles of the Gods, 6.45, 9, Mon. 9 only; **Orah:** Hershele; **Orion:** Yellow Dog; **Orly:** Network: at 4 Blackbeard's Ghost; **Peer:** L'Annee Sainte; **Ron:** King Kong 4, 6.30, 9

RAMAT GAN
Armon: Hershele: 7, 9.15; **Hadar:** Buffalo Bill; **Lili:** Seven Beauties 7.15, 9.30; **Ordea:** King Kong, 4, 7, 9.30; **Oasis:** The Great Scout; **Ramat Gan:** C.A.S.H., 7.15, 9.30; **Rama:** Samson & Delilah

PETAH TIKVA
Shalom: The Bad News Bears, 3.30, 7.30, 9.30

NETANYA
Esther: Walking Tall, part II 4.30, 7 9.15. Sat. 7.

HERZLIYA
David: Hershele, 4, 7, 9.15; **Tiferet:** I will... I will... For Now, 7.15, 9.15

The Israel National Opera

T.A. 1 Allenby Rd., Tel. 03-57227

Haifa 6.7
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE
Haifa Auditorium
T.A. 9.7 DIE BAJADERE
T.A. 10.7 DON GIOVANNI

Maquette

Requires an

Executive Secretary

with at least 3 years' experience, to manage office.
Perfect knowledge of English (preferably mother tongue).
Please apply to Maquette, Industrial Area, Acre, Tel. 04-911532, 913618.

Required

Qualified Teachers of the Deaf:

Dynamic, creative persons with organizational ability for challenging positions in programme-building and supervision in the Haifa area.
Shema, P.O.B. 1495, Haifa.

To Let

High-Luxury Apartment

in apartment hotel near the Pal Hotel.
Tel. 03-749557.

ON THE AIR

First Programme

7.07 Morning concert — Golombek: Symphony No. 3 in C Major; Telemann: Quartet No. 2 in D Major; Dittersdorf: Harp Concerto in A Major (Helga Storck): Mozart: Divertimento, K. 138; Haydn: Concerto No. 1 in C Major for Organ (Power-Biggs); Beethoven: Horn Sonata, Op. 17; Dvorak: Symphony No. 2 in B-flat Major, Op. 4
10.05 Programme announcements
11.00 Radio drama
12.05 (Stereo): Recital — Boaz Hilman, piano — Works by Bach, Ben-Haim, Chopin
13.00 Saint-Saens: Heroic March; Handel: Ho Perduto (Lucia Popp); Chopin: Valse; Ponchielli: O Momento (Tito Ruffo); Verdi-Liszt: I Lombardi (Claudio Arrau): Doppler: Pastoral Fantasy (Galway); Ravel: Tzigane (Itzhak Perlman); Peragallo: De profundis clamavi ad te (Monteverdi)
15.05 Golden Watch Club — programme on old age and retirement
15.50 Arabic lesson
15.55 Notes on a new book
16.05 Musical Encounters — Meeting with Hans Keller of the B.B.C.
16.45 Telemann: Trio Sonata in F Major for 2 Flutes and Continuo; Bach: Sonata in F Minor for Violin and Piano (Laredo Gould); Beethoven: String Quartet, Op. 59, No. 2; Ravel: Ondine from Gaspard dela nuit
18.05 "Melomania" — musical happening
20.45 (Stereo): The Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra — presents selections by Paul Ben-Haim; Chorale by Bach (orchestrated by Ben-Haim, conducted by Sidney Harth); Cello Concerto (Uzi Wiesel, Sidney Harth); Israel Scetches (Elyakum Shapira); Symphony No. 1 (Sidney Harth)
23.10 Amnon Ahi-Naomi talks about developments in the Social Sciences and the Humanities
23.58 Programme announcements

Second Programme

12.30 Israeli songs
13.05 Songs
15.05 "Once Again" — entertainment
16.10 Sephardi songs
17.10 Magazine on the cinema
18.05 Weekly journal on religious life
18.43 Sports commentary
19.00 People and events in the news
19.47 Bible Reading: Psalms 141, 142
20.05 Unwed Mothers — A psychiatrist, doctor, Knesset members and unwed mothers talk about different aspects of raising a child out of wedlock (repeat)
21.05 Sephardi songs
22.05 The Apple and the Tree — discussion of problems between parents and children. Listeners can call 03-286225 to ask questions of a psychologist in the studio

Army Radio

12.05 Songs
12.45 Fifteen Minutes — a brief survey of current events in Israel and around the world
13.05 Hebrew songs
14.05 Noon time — light music
16.05 Entertainment with Yehoram Gaon and the Zahal Band
18.05 Army songs
18.57 Programme announcements
19.05 Hike in Israel — Aharon Bir, a veteran hiker in Israel, tells of his exploits
19.55 Dr. Michael Keren talks about "technology and society"
2005 "Good Evening" with Edna Pe'er
20.55 Lesson in spoken Arabic
21.05 Songs for everyone
22.05 Tonight — discussions, interviews, music
00.05 Night birds — songs, chat with Uri Zohar

VOICE OF AMERICA
NEWS SHOWS

1259 kiloHertz:
5-6 and 8-8.30 a.m. — Daily breakfast show with news, popular music and interviews.
11-12 p.m. — News, analysis and topical reports.
791 kiloHertz:
6-8.30 a.m. — Daily breakfast show as above.
9-10 p.m. — VOA magazine, with Americana, science and cultural news, roundup of news.

FOREIGN LANGUAGE SELECTIONS
English
7.00 (Fourth, Fifth) 15 minutes, including review of Hebrew press
14.00 (Fourth, Fifth) 30 min.
18.00 (Fourth) 5 min.
20.00 (Fourth) 15 min.
22.00 (Fifth) 30 min.
00.30 (Fifth) 30 min.
French
7.15 (Fourth, Fifth) 15 min., including review of Hebrew press
14.30 (Fourth, Fifth) 30 min.
18.05 (Fourth) 5 min.
20.15 (Fourth) 15 min.
22.30 (Fifth) 25 min.
24.00 (Fifth) 30 min.
Yiddish 19.30 (First) 30 min.
Hungarian 19.15 (Fifth) 15 min.
Saturdays (First) 30 min.
Rumanian 20.30 (First) 15 min.
Russian 18.45 (First) 15 min. Sun-Fri.
Georgian 19.15 (First, Fifth) 15 min.
Ladino 20.00 (First, Fifth) 15 min.
Mugrabi 20.15 (First, Fifth) 15 min.

REGULAR DAILY BROADCASTS
First Programme
10.15-10.35; 11.15-11.35 Programmes for Schools.
13.55 Music programme announcements.
14.10 Stories for children.
15.05 A moment for Hebrew grammar.
17.55 Notes on agriculture
00.10 Informal discussion
Second Programme
6.00 Prayer and Mishna reading.
6.10 Gymnastics.
6.55 Programme announcements.
6.59 A moment for Hebrew grammar.
8.10 Popular tunes (until 10.00)
7.53 Driving tips
10.05 Here at Home — songs, interviews on topics assumed to be of interest to women
12.05 Productive Pace — for workers and employers.
12.30 Hebrew songs
18.45 Today's sports.
01.05 A moment of poetry.
Army Radio
5.03 Popular music (until 6.55)
5.58 Prayer
6.55 Gymnastics.
7.05 Songs and messages from soldiers (until 10.00)
10.05 Popular music (until 12.00)
3.05 Insomnia

ISRAEL AND THE MID-EAST, IN-DEPTH COVERAGE
THE JERUSALEM POST
EVERY DAY!

TRAVEL INFORMATION

Every Monday to Thursday

FROM JERUSALEM
to Tel Aviv (South): 10.45, 17.28
to Bnei Brak & Haifa: 7.30, 16.10
to Beersheba & Dimona: 16.10
FROM TEL AVIV (centre)
to Haifa: 6.00, 7.00, *8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, *13.00, 14.00, 15.00, 17.00, 18.00, 19.00, 20.30.
to Nahariya: 8.00, 12.00, 15.00, 17.00.

FROM TEL AVIV (South)
to Jerusalem: 7.30, 14.20.
to Beersheba & Dimona: 6.50, 17.52.

FROM HAIFA (centre)
to Jerusalem: 6.54, 15.37.
to Tel Aviv: 5.34, 6.24, *7.24, 8.24, 9.24, 10.25, 11.24, 12.25, 13.25, 14.25, *15.24, 16.24, 17.22, 18.25, 20.12.
to Nahariya: 6.17, 9.03, 13.11, 16.03, 18.12.
to Beersheba & Dimona: 15.37
FROM NAHARIYA
to Haifa & Tel Aviv: 5.33, 7.35, 10.44, 14.35, 17.35, 19.26.
to Jerusalem: 5.33, 14.35.
FROM BEERSHEBA
to Tel Aviv, Haifa & Jerusalem: 7.13, 15.45

FROM DIMONA
to Tel Aviv, Haifa & Jerusalem: 6.43, 15.15.

***—Express trains. For all intermediate stations check with Israel Railways Timetable.**

FLIGHTS

This schedule is subject to change without prior notice. Readers are advised to call Ben-Gurion Airport Flight Information, (03) 971461-2-3 (or 03-299444) for El Al flights only) for changes in times of Arrivals and Departures.

Tuesday

Arrivals
0210 SATA 960 Zurich, Athens
0635 Air France 193 Hongkong, Bangkok, Bombay, Teheran
0925 El Al 002 New York
1100 El Al 100 Montreal
1125 El Al 006 New York
1150 Tarom 245 Bucharest
1225 El Al (CH) 992 Cologne
1325 Alitalia 738 Rome
1345 Austrian 711 Vienna
1400 El Al 564 Teheran
1455 Lufthansa 604 Frankfurt
1520 Air France 192 Paris
1530 Sterling 687 Copenhagen
1545 Thy 824 Istanbul
1605 El Al 004 New York
1610 TWA 806 New York, Paris
1640 TWA 846 Boston, Rome, Athens
1655 Cyprair 302 Larnaca
1725 KLM 525 Amsterdam
1755 El Al 348 Zurich
1805 Swissair 332 Zurich
1845 TWA 848 Paris, Rome
1855 Olympic 301 Athens
1915 British Air 484 London
1925 El Al 358 Frankfurt
2020 El Al 316 London
2025 El Al 338 Amsterdam
2035 El Al 324 Paris
2125 Air France 130 Paris, Nice
2345 El Al 386 Rome

Departures
0100 El Al 991 Cologne
0310 SATA 961 Athens, Zurich
0550 TWA 847 Athens, Rome, Boston
0600 El Al 563 Teheran
0650 El Al 145 Zurich, Montreal, Mexico
0700 Swissair 333 Zurich
0710 TWA 849 Rome, Paris
0750 Air France 193 Paris
0810 KLM 526 Amsterdam
0820 El Al 347 Zurich
0850 British Air 485 London
0900 Air France 133 Lyon, Paris
0910 TWA 801 Paris, New York
0920 El Al 315 London
0940 El Al 337 Amsterdam
0950 Sabena 202 Brussels
1000 El Al 357 Frankfurt
1020 El Al 323 Paris
1230 El Al 023 Paris, New York
1250 Tarom 246 Bucharest
1425 Alitalia 739 Rome
1435 Austrian 712 Vienna
1445 El Al 015 London, New York
1545 Lufthansa 607 Munich, Frankfurt
1620 El Al 385 Rome
1630 Thy 8251 Istanbul
1650 El Al 571 Bucharest
1640 Air France 192 Teheran, Bombay, Bangkok, Hongkong
1700 Sterling 688 Copenhagen
1740 Cyprair 303 Larnaca

GENERAL ASSISTANCE

HOSPITALS

Jerusalem: Hadassah (pediatrics) Bikur Holim (internal, obstetrics), Shaare Zedek (surgery, ophthalmology).
Tel Aviv: Hadassah (internal, pediatrics, surgery).
Haifa: Carmel (all departments).
Netanya: Laniado (internal, obstetrics).
"Eran" — Mental Health First Aid, Tel. Jerusalem 69911, Tel Aviv 253311/2.

PHARMACIES

Jerusalem: Ruhama, 31 David Yellin, 222758; Habash, El-Wad, Old City, 284285. **Tel Aviv:** Dizengoff, 132 Dizengoff, 223890; Yani, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 612474. **Holon:** Assuta, 4 Trumpeldor, 856197. **Bat Yam:** Gane Bat Yam, 3 Hanevi'im, 885671. **Ramat Gan:** Rama, 65 Jabotinsky, 793483. **Herzliya:** Dr. Berniker, 28 Sokolov, 9310801. **Petah Tikva:** Assuta, 21 Baron Hirsch, 911710. **Netanya:** Hamagen, 13 Weizmann, 22985. **Hadera:** Negbi, 74 Weizmann, 22150.
Haifa: Aliah, Bat Galim, 44 Aliah, 522062. **Beersheba:** Assuta, Merkaz Gilad Hadash, 76777.

FIRST AID

Magen David Adom first aid centres are open from 8 p.m. to 7 a.m. Emergency home calls by doctor at fixed rates. Sick Fund members should enquire about rebate.
Phone numbers: Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa — 101. Dan Region (Ramat Gan, Bnei Brak, Givatayim, Kiryat Ono) — 781111.

Ashdod 22222	Nazareth 54333
Ashkelon 23333	Netanya 23333
Bat Yam 885555	Petah Tikva 912333
Beersheba 78333	Rehovot 951333
Eilat 2333	Rishon LeZion 942333
Hadera 22333	Safed 30333
Holon 803133	Tiberias 20111
Nahariya 923333	

POLICE

Dial 100 in most parts of the country. In Tiberias dial 22444; Kiryat Shmona 40444.

SUNSET-SUNRISE

Sunset 18.51; Sunrise tomorrow 4.39

WHAT'S ON

Notices are accepted for this column at the rate IL16.20 per line including VAT; publication daily over a period of a month costs IL270.00 per line including VAT. Ads are accepted at offices of The Jerusalem Post and at all recognized advertising agencies.

Jerusalem

MUSEUMS
Israel Museum: Exhibitions: Our Pupils at Work — Photography; Exhibition of Best Designed Books — 1976; Leisure in America (closed Sat.); Ancient Art (The Norbert Schimmel Collection); Old Master Drawings from the collection of the Duke of Devonshire; Jacques Carelman, "Objects Introuvables;" Children of the World Paint Jerusalem (closed Sat. p.m. & Tue. eve.); Liliane Klapisch. Paintings; Homage to Calder-Documentation of the Jerusalem Stabile; Greek Vases from the Jan Mitchell Collection; Chava Epstein, Stories and Pictures; Our Pupils at work: Mesopotamian Culture (Educational Exhibition).
Visiting hours: Israel Museum: Sun. Mon., Wed., Thurs. 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Tue. 4-10 p.m.; Fri. 10 a.m.-2 p.m.; Sat. 10 a.m.-10 p.m. (from 2-10 p.m., only Shrine of the Book, Billy Rose Art Garden, Norbert Schimmel Collection, Old Master Drawings, Jacques Carelman); **Shrine of the Book, Billy Rose Art Garden:** Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur. 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Tue. 10 a.m.-10 p.m.; Fri. 10 a.m.-2 p.m.; Sat. 10 a.m.-10 p.m.; **Rockefeller Museum:** Sun., Mon., Tue., Wed., Thur. 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Fri. Sat. 10 a.m.-2 p.m.
Library: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur. 10 a.m.-2 p.m. Tue. 4 - 8 p.m. Tickets for Sat. and holidays must be purchased in advance at the Museum, Cahana or major Jerusalem hotels; in Tel Aviv at Rococo, Hadran and Kastel.
CONDUCTED TOURS
Hadassah Tours
1. Medical Centre at 9.30 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 12.15 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. Last tour on Friday at 12.15 p.m. Kennedy Building. No charge. Buses 19 and 27.
2. Mt. Scopus Hospital: Tours from 8.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. No charge. Buses 9 and 28. Tel. 818111.
3. Morning half-day tour of all Hadassah projects. $4 per person towards transportation. By reservation only: Tel. 416333.
Hebrew University, tours in English at 9 and 11 a.m. from Administration Building. Givat Ram Campus. Mount Scopus tours 11.30 a.m. from the Martin Buber Building. Buses 9 and 28, School of Education bus stop. Further details: Tel. 35430.
American Mizrahi Women, Guest Tours — Jerusalem — Tel. 521608, 222646.
American Peylim. Tours of youth projects and Peylim-founded educational institutions. Tel. 02-521433. 9 a.m.-2 p.m.
Emunah—World Religious Zionist Women's Organization, Tourist Centre, 26 Rehov Ben Maimon. Tel. 02-62468, 30620, 811588.
MISCELLANEOUS
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, Schneller Wood, Romema. Tel. 814822, 7.30 a.m.-7 p.m.
Jerusalem Hilton and Intercontinental. The only jewellers in Israel with a worldwide guarantee. **H. Stern Jewellers.** Duty and tax free.

Tel Aviv

MUSEUMS
Tel Aviv Museum, 27 Sderot Shaul Hamelech/: Drawing Now; Anthony Caro — Table Sculpture 1966-77; Aviva Uri, Drawings. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion: Joseph Koudelka "Gypsies" (photographs); Dan Reisinger, Design 1967-76. Visiting hours: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thurs., 10 a.m.-5 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-4 p.m.); Tues. 10 a.m.-1 p.m., 4-10 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-1 p.m., 4-7 p.m.); Friday, 10 a.m.-2 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-1 p.m.). Sat. 7-11 p.m.
Ha'arets Museum Tel Aviv
1) Museum Centre, Ramat Aviv: Glass Museum; Kadman Numismatic Museum; Ceramics Museum; Museum of Science and Technology; Museum of Ethnography and Folklore (Judaica); Alphabet Museum; Nechushtan Pavilion — Timna Excavations; Tel Quasile Excavations; Lasky Planetarium — (Demonstration daily at 9, 10, 11 a.m. and 12 noon, Tues. at 7.15 p.m., Sat. 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 12.30 p.m.)
2) Museum of Antiquities of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 10 Rehov Mifratz Shlomo
3) Museum of the History of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 27 Rehov Bialik.
4) The Israel Theatre Museum, 3 Rehov Malchett.
All museums open: Sun.-Thurs., 9 a.m.-2 p.m. (Except Museum of History of Tel Aviv, till 3 p.m.); Fri., 9 a.m.-1 p.m.; Sat., 10 a.m.-2 p.m. On Sat. Admission Free. The Israel Theatre Museum: Sun.-Thurs., 9 a.m.-2 p.m. Library: Sun.-Thurs. 9 a.m.-8 p.m.; Fri. 9 a.m.-1 p.m.
CONDUCTED TOURS
American Mizrahi Women. Guest Tours — Tel Aviv — Tel. 220187, 243106.
Emunah — World Religious Zionist Women's Organization: "Kastel," 166 Rehov Ibn Gabirol. Tel. 440316, 788942.
World Wise Tourist Office, 116 Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 232939, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
Canadian Hadassah-Wizo Office, 115 Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 227060, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
Pioneer Women — Na'amat. Free morning tours, Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, by appointment. Call Tel. 261111, ext. 290, Tel Aviv.
Magen David Adom in Israel
Headquarters — 60 Rehov Giborei Israel, Tel Aviv. Visitors — Please call 36222 between 8.00 a.m. and 2.00 p.m. to arrange visits to our Central Blood Bank in Jaffa and for information regarding other Magen David Adom installations.
ORT Israel: For visits please contact: ORT Tel Aviv, Tel. 233231, 762291-2; ORT Jerusalem, Tel. 233675; ORT Netanya, Tel. 22922.
Tel Aviv University escorted tours. For appointment, call Guest Section, (03)422741 10-12 a.m.
MISCELLANEOUS
Tel Aviv Hilton. The only jewellers in Israel with a world-wide guarantee, **H. Stern Jewellers.** Duty and tax free.
Hadassah Club, Dan Hotel, Tel. 241111, 225224.

Haifa

Prehistory Museum, Biological Institute and Zoo — Gan Ha'em, Rehov Hatishbi. Tel. 85833. Daily, 8 a.m.-2 p.m., Sat. 9 a.m.-2 p.m.

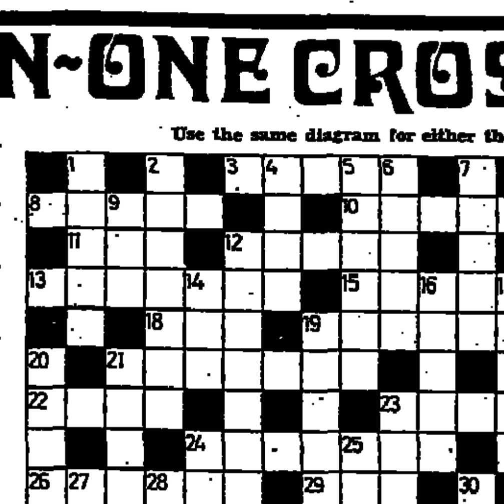
Rehovot

Weizmann Institute of Science — Conducted tours. Sun. to Fri. at 10.30 a.m., starting from the lobby of the Stone Administration Building.

TWO-IN-ONE CROSSWORD

CRYPTIC PUZZLE

Use the same diagram for either the Cryptic or the Easy puzzle.



ACROSS
3 Matey game (5)
8 Street light away from the rest (5)
10 Long-nail (5)
11 Attention deserved by Ned (3)
12 Cry over a broken table? (5)
13 Radio city (7)
15 Puts up with a baser variety (5)
18 Isn't it positively contrary? (3)
19 Corny actor's town (6)
21 Daring business (7)
22 Shoe-making tools? (4)
23 Vessel with a lip (4)
24 Like a line between lovers? (7)
26 Man of many convictions (3, 3)
29 Neither way is short (3)
31 Beastly conclusions (5)
32 Funny businesses? (3, 4)
34 Having been hounded to the sea? (2, 3)
35 Miss one (3)
36 *First* part of life? (5)
37 She's of great potential (5)
38 Got up as a flower (5)

DOWN
1 The meat takes mincing (5)
2 Men forming a seminar (7)
4 Lord with a hump? (4)
5 Steady tables, maybe (6)
6 More than satisfied, as Ted may be (5)
7 Female army officer? (5)
9 Knock taken by another (3)
12 Making runs fast? (7)
14 Heavy piece of stone (3)
16 Preceding an important man (5)
17 Scent manufactured from elms at Leatherhead (5)
19 Eugene or a girl (7)
20 Execute dashingly? (5)
21 Diver turned composer (5)
23 Offence by several persons in court (7)
24 Time an egg? (6)
25 Is nothing less than good, of course (3)
27 Is he a lamb? (5)
28 Animal all over its master (5)
30 Diminish what Jack consumed (5)
32 What goats have that mares eat (4)
33 A ringway (3)

EASY PUZZLE

ACROSS
3 Rapture (5)
8 Tooth (5)
10 Devout (5)
11 Cleaning tool (3)
12 Bowl (5)
13 Withdrew (7)
15 Indian coin (5)
18 Label (3)
19 Rebellion (6)
21 Firearm attachment (7)
22 Fling (4)
23 Freshwater fish (4)
24 Put out of action (7)
26 Flowering shrub (6)
29 Neckwear item (3)
31 Digs (5)
32 Threats (7)
34 Assistants (5)
35 Cutting tool (3)
36 Entity (5)
37 Galas (5)
38 Nose (5)

DOWN
1 Large books (5)
2 Chief city (7)
4 Burden (4)
5 Ghost (6)
6 Nasal cavity (5)
7 Monarch (5)
9 Large quantity (3)
12 Flower (7)
14 Long-tailed fish (3)
16 Fairy (5)
17 Urged (5)
19 Refunds (7)
20 Inexpensive (5)
21 Smash (5)
23 Gratified (7)
24 Pattern (6)
25 Bread container (3)
27 Areas (5)
28 Inclines (5)
30 Drain (5)
32 Bill of fare (4)
33 Domestic animal (3)

Yesterday's Cryptic Solution
ACROSS.—4. Upheld. 7. Heard out. 8. Trifle. 10. F-L-eat. 13. Deer. 14. Tang. 15. Vera. 16. Be-g. 17. Rain. 19. Ge-od. 21. Temporary. 23. Tu-tu. 24. Tuna. 26. Wag. 27. Lien. 29. Tars. 32. Band. 33. Delta. 34. Minute. 35. Polo pony. 36. Midge-t.
DOWN.—1. Shift. 2. Ta-hen. 3. Adit. 4. Utter. 5. Hair. 6. Lulled. 9. Reagan. 11. Lap. 12. Egret. 13. Demoted. 15. Vi-P. 18. Boy (hood). 18. Amulet. 20. Orate. 21. Tug. 22. Run. 23. Tah-it-i. 25. Art. 28. I-nep-t. 30. Alley. 31. Satyr. 32. Bung. 33. Drag.

Yesterday's Easy Solution
ACROSS.—4. Wither. 7. Backlash. 8. Amulet. 10. Stuck. 13. Flue. 14. Hobo. 15. Pier. 16. Wee. 17. Brag. 19. Mien. 21. Greyhound. 23. Soap. 24. Turn. 26. Rod. 27. Abet. 29. Espy. 32. Liar. 33. Orate. 34. Tavern. 35. Dungeons. 36. Sentry.
DOWN.—1. Abash. 2. Scrub. 3. Flak. 4. Whale. 5. True. 6. Eleven. 9. Murmur. 11. Top. 12. Cobra. 13. Fighter. 15. Pay. 16. Wed. 18. Repair. 20. Inner. 21. God. 22. Out. 23. Solace. 25. Apt. 28. Bandy. 30. Sabot. 31. Yeast. 32. Left. 33. Orgy.

SOLUTIONS TO TODAY'S PUZZLE TOMORROW

TEL AVIV STOCKS

Turnover down to IL36m.

TEL AVIV. — A shrinking turnover — IL36m. compared to IL51.m. the previous day — and a definite tendency towards the falling prices of a "bearish" market characterized the stock market yesterday. As in all such situations, the buyers became more and more "selective" in their purchases, waiting for prices to fall still further. However, if some stocks took a bad beating, several managed to rise following active bidding.

Hassneh and Paz were not traded since both declared dividends. Hassneh's was a 15 per cent cash and 25 per cent bonus, while Paz declared a 12 per cent cash and a 20 per cent bonus. Hassneh closed at 604 on Sunday and Paz at 518.

The turnover in the variables was IL12m.

Index-linked bonds were firm, but the "firmest" showing was put in by the financial sector. For example, Mizrahi bearer opened at 221 and closed at 221, despite a turnover of 1,065,000 — which made it yesterday's market leader. Bank Leumi also opened and closed at 289.5, with a turnover of 791,899, and Bank Leumi options, also were steady at 171.5 — with 899,700 shares changing hands. Poalim bearer also was firm, at 336, with a turnover of 207,100. IDB ran against the "firmness" rule, opening at 348 and after 872,000 changed hands rose by one point to 349. Its capital notes even became buyers only when it rose in the opening round from 204 to 214 — without any turnover since there were no takers at this price in the variables.

Several shares showed huge variations in prices. Zur, for example, jumped by 60 points to 780, but the turnover was only 7,300. But Alliance dropped 45 points to 1,050, also with a small turnover — only 4,400 — while Nehushtan jumped by 200 points to 1,850, also with a small turnover, of 9,000.

Naphta dropped 51 points to 1,600, with a turnover of 6,900, while Lapidot fell by 120 to 1,740, with a turnover of 7,300.

All these shares, it will be noted, have small turnovers, and a small demand — or offer — will send their prices skittering in one direction or the other.

(The Stock Exchange recently decided to allow 12 different shares to be traded only one day of the week, not all five days, since this would allow a build-up in offers and demands, sufficient, it is hoped, to smooth out sudden ups and downs.)

The General Index of Share Prices dropped 0.09 per cent to 147.43.

Most active issues

Mizrahi (bearer)	221 n.c.	IL1,065,000
Leumi (opt.)	171.5 n.c.	IL899,700
IDB	349 +1.0	IL872,000
Shares traded:		IL36,047,300
Bonds:	-	IL9,551,000
Natad:		IL11.56 -Sag.
Turnover:		$167,000
Offer:		$668,000

		30.6.77	1.7.77
DOLLAR-LINKED DEBENTURES			
5% Dead Sea	b	—	—
5% Dead Sea Junior	r	—	—
6% Electric Corp. B.	r	—	—
PURCHASE IN DOLLARS			
Hollis 22		123.1	123
C. of L. LINKED (principal and interest)			
Absorp. 1966 (1)	b	767	776
Absorp. 1967 (1)	b	746	748
Bit. 1968 (41)	b	350	358
Bit 1969 (41)	b	268	266.5
Bit. 1969 6.5% (66)	b	394	388.5
Bit. 1969 6.5% (91)	b	318	313
OPTIONALS			
Dev. 296	b	368	367
Dev. 313	b	339	336.5
Dev. 4% (3001)	b	—	—
CONVERTIBLES			
10% IDB		214	204
15% Mizrahi (2)	r	238	237
7% Leumi (5)	b	216	217
10% Delek	b	243	247
10% Disc. Inv. (72)	b	184	185
BANKS, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
Otsar Hityashvut	r	340	341
I.D.B. pref.	r	530	525
I.D.B. Bankholding	r	214	204
Union "A"	r	393	399
Discount "A"	r	612	612
United Mizrahi	b	221	221
Hapoalim	b	338	336
Leumi "A"	r	289.5	289.5
Gen. Mortgage	b	335	338
Dev. & Mortgage	b	260	264
Housing Mortg.	b	300	297
Tefahot 8% pref.	b	530	535
Tefahot	b	500	500
Ind. & Dev. 8% pref.	r	173.5	171.5
Aryeh	r	792	800
Hassneh Insurance	b	—	604
Sahar — "C"	b	1200	1208
REAL, ESTATE, LAND DEVELOPMENT AND CITRUS			
Azorim	r	177.5	175
Africa Israel IL10	r	770	770
Isr. Land Dev.		277	279
Solel Boneh 10% pref.		700	738
Property & Building		300	308
Isras		330	370
Mehadrin		650	650
I.C.P. Citrus	r	495.5	499.5
Neot Aviv	r	348	347
Pri Or Ltd.	b	684	675
Rassco - 8% pref.	r	289	292
Rassco	r	264.5	265
INDUSTRIAL			
Alliance - B	r	1050	1035
Elco - 2.5	b	435	430
Electra - 5	r	380	390
Argaman - 8%	b	370	390
Ata - C	r	269	270
Dubek	b	826	798
Elec. Wire & Cable	b	185	181
Teva	r	588	585
Chem. & Phosphates	r	280	274
Lewin Epstein		350	350
Moller Textile		310	305
Paper Mills	r	289	284
Assis "B"	r	248.5	256.5
Nechustan 8% pref.	b	1850	1850
Elite	r	432	431
Shemen - 8% pref.	b	435.5	435.5
Frutarom	r	189.5	189
Frutarom New	r	—	—
Elron IL2	r	710	720
INVESTMENT COMPANIES			
Elgar		390	395
Ellern	b	464	461
Israel Central Trade	r	750	736
Hapoalim	b	300	301
Paz	b	—	518
Wolfson - IL10	b	—	245
Ampa	r	278	276
Discount	b	317	314
United Mizrahi	b	309	310
Bank Leumi		318	323
Piryon	r	627	624
Export Bank		219	219
Clal	r	263	265
Clal Industries	r	273	272
FUEL, OIL AND UTILITIES			
Naphta OTC	r	1600	1651
Lapidoth OTC	r	1740	1850
Jordan Exploration	r	3190	3190
Jordan Warrants		3190	3220
Delek C	r	550	555
Israel Electric Corp.	r	555	558

Reported by the
UNION BANK
Of Israel Ltd.
b-bearer; r-registered
B-buyers only; S-sellers only

WALL STREET

The New York stock exchange was closed yesterday because of the July Fourth holiday.

Koor's exports are up, but local sales lag

By MACABEE DEAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Koor's exports are steadily rising, but sales on the local market fell last year, and 1977 does not seem any better. This was stated yesterday by Naftali Blumenthal, who was appointed general manager early this year (after Meir Amit left to go into politics). Profits in 1976 were also lower than in 1975.

"If Koor exported 15 per cent of its output in 1970, last year this figure doubled to 31 per cent, and this year it should reach 37 per cent of output," Blumenthal said. In actual figures this was $210m. in 1976 (a 21.4 per cent increase over 1975) and in 1976 foreign markets were depressed, which makes the figure all the more impressive. This year exports should rise to $270m.

"The most interesting thing is that if the country's industrial exports doubled in the three years ending December 1976, our share in these exports increased fourfold," he said. In 1974, Koor exported $50m. of its industrial production, which totalled $600m. In 1976 it exported $210m. out of a total of $1.2b."

Moreover, the fruits of some of Koor's investments will only begin to hit the export market in 1978.

Total sales, here and abroad, increased from IL8.2b. in 1975 to IL6.7b. in 1976. Of this figure, local sales were IL3.9b. in 1975, as compared to IL4.5b. in 1976.

Although this was a growth "on paper" of 16.4 per cent, the figure is distorted by the inflation (38 per cent) in 1976, as well as by the inclusion of the value added tax.

"As a matter of fact, on the local market there was a ten per cent cutback in 1976 — but this was offset by the increase in exports."

Profits also dropped. These were IL327m. before tax in 1975, and IL250m. before tax in 1976. However, the inflationary spiral must also be taken into account there. After taxes, the net in 1975 was IL156m. and in 1976 it fell to IL114m.

However, Blumenthal notes that in 1976 the firm added IL35m. to its paid-up capital, and spent IL65m. in expanding its sales network. The effects should be felt shortly.

Some of Koor's companies did much better than others. Here are three examples of firms in which Koor holds at least 50 per cent of the shares: in 1976 Tadiran made IL141m. before taxes, but Ikapharm lost IL9m. and Steel City lost IL32m.

The general manager was frank about the uncertainty of the future due to the right-wing Likud government replacing the socialist Alignment.

During the election campaign, Likud members had uttered many anti-Koor (and anti-Hevrat Ovdim) statements. But he was sure that in the light of sober reality, the new government would treat Koor as a valuable, integral and dynamic part of the country's economy in general, and of the export drive in particular.

Real, true-weight indigo-dyed fabric

Polgat domestic denim helps jeans makers jump tariffs

By AARON SITTNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

A modest advertisement inserted in several newspapers earlier this week brought good news to many Israelis — none of them consumers.

Polgat Woollen Industries of Kiryat Gat was telling the world that for the first time in history an Israeli textile firm — Polgat — is manufacturing 100 per cent indigo blue denim fabric.

The "world" Polgat was addressing — the world of Israeli jeans manufacturers — is a small but growing "world." And its inhabitants were assured that the new 11.5 and 14 ounce denim, styled and dyed according to American standards, carried another advantage. As an Israeli-made raw material, Polgat's denim products — jeans, shirts, skirts or safari jackets — are not subject to the traditional 17 per cent import tariff when sold to markets in the European Economic Community.

Such a tariff is charged on jeans and allied products made here from imported denim.

Strange as it may seem, one of Polgat Woollens' best customers for the new fabric will probably be its sister firm in the Polgat Enterprises complex, Ligat Industries.

"That 17 per cent tariff break will be a great help," Yisrael Baum, plant manager at Ligat, told *The Jerusalem Post* recently. "With the jeans craze still at its peak, the competition is rough. So anything that will enable us to bring down prices without sacrificing quality will mean stable sales trends on our wall chart."

"Quality" must be maintained at Ligat, like it or not. The reason is plain: five years ago the parent firm, Polgat Enterprises, signed a licensing and royalty sales agreement with H.D. Lee Company of Kansas City, Missouri. Lee, with annual sales of about $250m., is one of America's "Big Three" in the jeans field. The others are Levi Strauss & Co., and Wranglers.

The Polgat-Lee pact was a strict one. Not only was Ligat to adhere to Lee's trends, patterns and designs, but all output was to be subject to spot quality control checks by roving H.D. Lee officials who like to "drop in" on licensees throughout the world.

All Ligat "Lees" were to be pre-washed and pre-faded, and all rejects were to be marked *soog bet* ("seconds").

"We have been living up to our obligations under the agreement," Baum said. "It has paid off. Local demand for genuine 'Lees' is growing so rapidly that we have had to branch out from our plant here in Kiryat Gat. We have recently inaugurated a new factory — at Sderot — devoted exclusively to manufacturing juvenile jeans. We started with 120 workers, but that number is already growing." (Ligat's main plant employs 420.)

Ironically, Ligat, as a Lee licensee, will not be able to cash in on the tariff advantage of its sister firm's new denim fabric, though it will certainly use it for its jeans. A clause in the Polgat-H.D. Lee agreement stipulates that Ligat may not sell its "Lees" in any country where there is another Lee licensee. Since there are licensees in Common Market nations, Ligat's exports to the EEC are limited to other, non-Lee lines.

That, perhaps, is why only 15 per cent of Ligat's current output goes for exports. "France is our best customer right now," Baum told *The Post*. "But markets, like styles, change and we could be selling more to another market a year from now."

Another line of Ligat products that cannot be exported is its Resisto shirts, manufactured under licence from a Swiss company. Though a voile cotton Resisto sells in shops here for about IL450, there is plenty of demand. Gents willing to suffer a bit of polyester in their shirts can find Resistos for IL250 or IL300 as well.

Resisto shirts, white as snow, are Ligat's "black sheep" — the only products in the line not strictly sportswear. After all, another Polgat firm — Bagir — specializes in dress and formal wear, so there must be no overlapping in the family.

So Ligat sticks to sportswear: Lee jeans and shirts, as well as non-Lee sports trousers, sports jackets (all unlined) and similar items. In fact, Ligat is claimed to be the largest sportswear manufacturer in Israel!

In addition, Ligat maintains a fabric manufacturing division which turns out an endless stream of cotton and cotton-blend shirting materials, doubleknit and hopsack fabrics for the trade. Hopsack, a loosely woven cotton-polyester mixture, is one of the most popular materials with Israeli clothing manufacturers, because of its suitability to the local climate.

But the mainstay at Ligat is the Lee jeans line.

Conceived in the dusty hills of California in 1849 as goldminers' work pants, jeans rocketed back into vogue just over a decade ago. In fact, the "twilled cotton cloth used for overalls" (as the dictionary defines denim) is now worn to opera houses and political conventions, to debutante balls and St. Patrick's Cathedral. President Jimmy Carter occasionally wears them in his fireside chats to the American people.

Could Jewish drygoods pedlar Levi Strauss have dreamt, back in 1849, that his new product would become so popular that his great-grandchildren would some day employ 22,000 people in 50 plants around the world, to manufacture Levis?

"Jeans are here to stay. They are no longer a fad item," says Baum. "Israelis are more convenience-conscious than formal. And what could be more convenient than jeans? The dirt hardly shows, so they need less washing. Get it?"

We got it, and so do hundreds of thousands of other people here.

Big three banks hold 92.5 per cent of assets

By SHLOMO MAOZ
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Net after-tax profits of the banks came to 20 per cent of their equity in 1976 — a slight decline from the 20.5 per cent profit rate of 1975, according to the annual report of the Examiner of Banks in the Bank of Israel.

The Examiner, Oded Messer, said at a press conference yesterday that according to available indicators the profitability of the commercial banks may increase in 1977.

In reply to a question, he said that to the best of his knowledge the banks were not contravening the Law of Restrictive Practices, but if it should turn out that they were in fact colluding to fix uniform interest rates on savings schemes, that would constitute a breach of the law. It has been reported in the press recently that the banks indeed coordinate the terms they offer to savers — an agreement which was recently broken by the First International Bank and the Tefahot Mortgage Bank. After these two banks offered their savers better terms, the other banks followed suit. Previously all banks had given nearly the same terms.

The total balance of the commercial banks by the end of 1976 came to IL173m., 10 per cent more, after discounting for price inflation, than the previous year. In 1975 the real increase was 20 per cent. According to Messer, individuals and firms here made use of banking services to a degree which is among the highest in the world. This is why the ratio of total bank balances to the GNP in Israel is 1.8, compared with 0.6 in the U.S. and 0.4 in this country 20 years ago.

The trend towards increased concentration in the banking system continued, and the share of the biggest three banks — Hapoalim, Leumi and Discount — amounted to 92.5 per cent of the total. The number of banks declined from 34 in 1975 to 29 in 1976.

This process is expected to continue, and a number of smaller banks, such as Otzar Hahayal, Massad, and the two banks of Agudat Yisrael, are expected to merge with the bigger banks.

The Examiner of Banks believes that a high degree of concentration is natural in a small country, and the same phenomenon is visible in countries such as Finland or the Netherlands. Only highly specialized banks may survive, even if they are relatively small.

In 1976, the banks mobilized about IL1b. of new capital, of which the greater part was raised in the second half of the year, with the revival of the Stock Exchange. In 1977, it is expected that the amount will be bigger, for the capital raised in the first three months already comes to IL800m.

Messer said that the Bank of Israel is not in favour of a decline in interest rates. Although the rate of inflation has slowed down, interest rates have so far not fallen. In 1976, the real rate of interest (after discounting price inflation) was only marginally positive.

The Examiner of Banks also pointed to the increasing recourse to banking services in the Arab sector. The profitability of the banking business in that sector is rising. Arabs generally tend to deposit their money and to borrow relatively little.

There are now 22 banking offices in the occupied areas, the same as in 1975, out of a total of 986 offices by the end of 1976.

Messer pointed out that in the last two years foreign currency deposits with Israeli banks had exceeded the foreign currency deposits of Israeli banks abroad. This, he said, indicated the confidence in which the Israeli banking system is held abroad.

Average salary is expected to rise to IL4,500 by the end of the year

By SHLOMO MAOZ
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Total wage increases in the public sector, including retroactive pay, will come to 55 per cent this year, according to estimates prepared by the office of the Treasury's economic adviser, Ephraim Davrat. The average wage of production workers will nevertheless remain six per cent higher than that of the service workers.

By the end of the year the average salary is expected to reach IL4,500 a month. Total disposable income will rise by five per cent, as a result of an 8-10 per cent increase in total real disposable income from wages.

Davrat expects prices to rise by 27 per cent, compared with 1976 — but even this will happen only if the government cuts the subsidy budget and raises the price of electricity, fuel and water.

Bank of Israel economists are a little more optimistic — they estimate that price inflation will be no more than 25 per cent, and possibly as little as 22 per cent. For Davrat's forecast to come true, prices would have to jump three per cent a month from now on, for in the first five months of the year price inflation has been 7.6 per cent.

According to a recent survey among exporters, they are optimistic with regard to exports. Davrat sees the stagnation of exports since last September as a natural levelling off, after a steep increase up to that time. He expects exports to rise 20.5 per cent this year, with industrial exports growing 21 per cent, diamonds 26 per cent, agricultural products 16 per cent.

May go next door if Mexico doesn't want Arava plant

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MEXICO CITY. — Israel would consider building an assembly plant for Arava transport planes in another Latin American country, if Mexico decides against the long-discussed project, according to the outgoing Israeli ambassador to Mexico, Hanan Eynor.

The Arava plant and a related aircraft parts and repair facility have been in the planning stages for several years. President Jose Lopez Portillo said last April, that Mexico was interested in the projects, and from time to time there are reports that the plant is being held up for lack of capital, or because the Banco de Mexico is reviewing the feasibility study.

But Eynor, who returns to a Foreign Ministry post this month after three years in Mexico, said the problem is simply that "the Mexican government has not decided" whether or not to go ahead with the idea.

Although state capital participation will be token, "you can't build such an industry — with a $25m. initial investment — without government support," Eynor said.

He confirmed that Israel would consider building the plant in another Latin American country, but declined to say which one. Another Israeli source said Costa Rica would be a logical choice.

"We still hope it will work out in Mexico," Eynor said.

Eynor said relations between Mexico and Israel were better now than when he took up his post in 1974.

"Relations are good — which doesn't mean that they can't be better. We are trying to create an atmosphere of personal cooperation, and we are much better off in the economic field. We are also serious partners in technological and scientific exchange," he said.

Mexico is Israel's second-largest supplier of crude oil, which weighs the balance of trade heavily in favour of Mexico.

The area of technological exchange is growing constantly, Eynor said, particularly in such areas as plant genetics and irrigation methods.

He disclosed that three Israeli technicians will shortly be offering seminars here on ways to eliminate the Mediterranean fly, which may become a problem in Mexico's citrus growing areas.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR economic adviser Prof. Avraham Michael Sunday took on the additional position of deputy director-general of the National Insurance Institute, in charge of unemployment insurance. He replaces Baruch Haklai, named director of the employment service.

בנק אמריקאי ישראלי בע"מ
AMERICAN ISRAEL BANK LTD.

FOREIGN CURRENCY
4.7.77
Official Exchange Rates

U.S. $	9.5647	9.5934
Sterling	16.4368	16.5190
DM	4.1025	4.1251
French Fr.	1.9488	1.9586
Dutch Fl.	3.8771	3.8965
Swiss Fr.	3.9100	3.9295
Austrian S.	5.7787	5.8076
Canadian $	9.0220	9.0671
Australian $	10.6683	10.7217
Rand	10.9884	11.0434

INTERBANK LONDON SPOT RATES:

Dollar	1.7202/04	per £
DM	2.3250/60	per $
Swiss Fr.	2.4430/40	per $
Lira	884.70/80	per $
Belgian Fr.	35.94/95	per $
Dutch Fl.	2.4670/85	per $
Yen	266.05/20	per $
French Fr.	4.9085/95	per $
Danish Kr.	6.0200/15	per $
Swedish Kr.	4.3920/30	per $
Norwegian Kr.	5.3130/40	per $
Gold price:	$141.40/1.80	

FORWARD RATES:

	1 Mon.	3 Mos.	6 Mos.
$/£	1.7153/163	1.7053/067	1.6873/888
DM/$	2.3210/280	2.3132/153	2.2995/020
Sw.Fr./$	2.4377/397	2.4270/390	2.4123/142

HEVRA LENIHUL KRANOT BNE'EMANUT B.M.

4.7.77	BUYT PRICE	REDEMPTION PRICE
EITAN	260.71	254.41
ALMOG	132.50	129.37
ADIF	191.34	
TZABAR	159.52	156.00
EREZ	290.77	285.96

Trustees
Bank Hapoalim B.M.

S&S STRICTLY KOSHER AMERICAN MEAT SERVICE

Serving greater Tel Aviv — Jerusalem — Beersheba areas. Prices include delivery.
Full line of fresh and frozen, beef, lamb, veal, hind-quarters and rib steaks.
THIS WEEK'S SPECIAL:
It's summer — barbecue time.
Order your 10 kg. Picnic-Pack Now!
Steaks, hamburgers, and barbecue spare ribs.
Supervision of the Rabbinate — Petah Tikva
Rabbi Spring and D. Silverstein
Phone or write:
7 Behov Hagra, REHOVOT,
Tel.: 03-921139, 959345, 953629
JERUSALEM: Tel. 02-61129
BEERSHEBA: Tel. 057-71533
adco adv

Conversational Hebrew
A Unique Approach!
Speak like an Israeli
Do it fast and well
Complete kit:
Flash cards, cassettes and word list.
An Introductory price: $20 post free — anywhere.
IN ISRAEL IL250
Good for all ages and creeds!!
Order from:
Tutor-Tape
P.O.B. 3557, Jerusalem, Israel.
In the U.S.A. — T.T.I. 10711 Casper St; Kensington. MD. 20795.

The Jerusalem Collector
Hilton Hotel · Plaza Hotel
Antique Jewish Art
Rare Judaica

Interested in Buying
Silver Medallion 59 mm.
Rishonim, Bar Kochba, Shihrur Rishona
Will pay IL1,800.
Shavit Coins: 111 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv,
Tel. 615515
Telephone in New York—212 6985711

Required
by serious company in Haifa
English Secretary
Knowledge of Hebrew desirable.
Good conditions.
Working hours: 8 a.m.-4 p.m.
Please apply to Tel. 04-528255,
or in writing to P.O.B. 9720, Haifa.

National Brewery Ltd.
seeks
Responsible Secretary
(female)
Qualifications required:
★ Command of Hebrew and English, and typing in both languages
★ General office experience, preferably in import-export
Contact Tel. 265271, ext. 35, or write to P.O.B. 7066, Tel Aviv.

Paz Oil Co. Ltd.
requires
Organic Chemist
for work at the Company's Haifa-installations laboratory, located in the Haifa 'oil' zone.
At least 2-3 years' experience; second degree desirable.
Candidates with the qualifications called for are invited to apply in writing to the Personnel Section, Paz Oil Co. Ltd., P.O.B. 434, Haifa, giving details of experience and education.

Hamashbir Hamerkazi Yevu Uyetzu Ltd.
76 Rehov Giborei Yisrael, Tel Aviv
seeks
Top, Hebrew-English
Typist
Ability to operate Telex desirable.
Please contact: Tel. 03-39955, ext. 249.

The 80th National Convention of the Zionist Organization of America

Opening Ceremony in the Presence of H.E. The President of Israel
Binyenei Ha'ooma, Jerusalem, Thursday, July 7, 8.30 p.m.
Speakers:
- The Prime Minister—H.E. Menahem Begin
- Senator Robert J. Dole, former Republican candidate for Vice-President of the U.S.A.
- Dr. Joseph P. Sternstein, President Zionist Organization of America

Assembly at the Mann Auditorium, Tel Aviv
Saturday, July 9, 1977, 8.30 p.m.
Speakers:
- Moshe Dayan, Minister of Foreign Affairs
- Ezer Weizman, Minister of Defence
- Shimon Peres, M.K.
- Greetings of the City of Tel Aviv: Shlomo Lahat, Mayor

The public is invited. Tickets (free of charge) available at:
Jerusalem
Tourist Information Office, 24 Rehov Hamelech George; the Hilton, King David, Plaza, Moriah, Diplomat, Kings and Shalom Hotels; Cahana Agency, 1 Rehov Herbert Samuel.
Tel Aviv
ZOA House, 1 Rehov Daniel Frisch, Tourist Information Office, 7 Rehov Mendele; the Dan, Hilton, Plaza, Sheraton, Grand Beach, Ramada Continental, Astor, Basel, Samuel and Sinai Hotels.

Ari Rath
Editor and
Managing Director

THE JERUSALEM POST

Erwin Frenkel
Editor

Founded in 1932 by the late GERSHON AGRON, who was Editor until 1955
Editor 1955-74 the late TED LURIE Editor 1974-75 LEA BEN DOR
EDITORIAL OFFICES AND ADMINISTRATION The Jerusalem Post Building
Romema, Jerusalem. P O Box 81 (91000) Telephone 528181. Telex 26421
TEL AVIV 11 Rehov Carlebach, P O Box 20126 (61200) Telephone 294222
HAIFA 34 Rehov Herzl, Nadar Hacarmel, P O Box 4810 (31040) Telephone 640794
JERUSALEM BRANCH (adverts subscription), 6 Rehov Aristobulus. Telephone 233966
Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem, Israel, by the Palestine Post Ltd
Printed at the Jerusalem Post Press in Jerusalem Registered at the G.P.O
Copyright of all material reserved, reproduction permitted only by arrangement

TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1977 • VOL. XLVII, No. 14056

A 'moderate' wish

U.S. OFFICIALS are reported to have been embarrassed. It is easy enough to credit the report.

Egypt under President Sadat is taken as the archetype of the "moderate" Arab country, eager for economic betterment and bent on peace with Israel. A suggestion that it would be best for all concerned if all Israelis — that is, all Israeli Jews — were to just "go back to the United States or to the East European countries or wherever they came from," is not quite what one would expect from Sadat's foreign minister these days.

Yet this is precisely the great idea that Ismail Fahmy saw fit to air in an interview with "The Washington Star" last week.

On previous occasions the Egyptian foreign minister had laid down that, in a peace settlement, Israel should undertake to bar the entry of any more Jews into the Jewish State for the following half century. This display of brazen gall was treated rather lightly by Western circles which go out of their way to magnify every Egyptian mention of the word "peace" into a major show of reasonableness. It was even argued, against all the evidence, that in making such statements Fahmy was not really speaking for his Chief.

Certainly there was never any public attempt, in any Western capital, to remind Cairo that, to present such an unwarranted condition for a settlement, was incompatible with Resolution 242.

But now Fahmy has outdone himself. What he is calling for is no longer an end to the continued influx of Jews into Israel, but the efflux of Israel's Jews "back where they came from." The solution to the Arab-Israel conflict is to be found in the extinction of Israel through the disappearance of the Israelis.

This idiocy deserves no comment on substance — although it may be of some interest that the Arab countries are omitted from the list of lands from which Jews have come to Israel, and to which, according to the Egyptian foreign minister, they ought to return.

It should also be pointed out that Ismail Fahmy is by no means the first Arab spokesman to broach this simple "solution." It may even be conceded that it is, perhaps, natural for both Arab and Israeli to tell themselves privately, and wistfully, at times that all would be well if only the other were somehow, someday, simply to vanish into thin air.

The Egyptian foreign minister is not, however, a private person, and his wishful thinking is now a matter of diplomatic record. In it, he goes beyond even the PLO's National Covenant at its most paranoiac. The fact that his wish stands little chance of being granted — even Fahmy himself told "The Washington Star," resignedly, that Egypt would not ask the U.S. "to force Israelis to go back" — is no reason to ignore its utterance.

For it reveals the frame of mind behind official Egyptian — and, in more general terms, "moderate" Arab — policy. Israel cannot be uprooted: this is an unfortunate, but ineluctable fact. Therefore Israel must, for now, be put up with. However, if only the Americans could be persuaded that getting the Jews out would be in their own interest — ensure the tranquillity of the region, and a steady supply of oil — why then...

It would only be proper for policy-makers in Washington, for example, to make it plain, some time before the Geneva conference is called into session again, that they view Fahmy's idea not only as repugnant, but as a serious obstacle to the achievement of peace.

The Prime Minister is the unchallengeable boss in the Likud government, says ASHER WALLFISH

Begin is the boss

MENAHEM BEGIN'S position at the head of Israel's Government is far more secure in terms of personal authority over his Cabinet than Yitzhak Rabin's or Shimon Peres's position would have been at the head of a Labour-led coalition.

Admittedly, a troika comprising the Prime Minister, the Defence Minister and the Foreign Minister exists for certain functions. But it is not a troika of partners. Begin is the undisputed boss. He is the one who directs Ezer Weizman and Moshe Dayan, who are dependent on him personally as well as politically.

Neither of them will complain if he rules with a rod of iron. Neither of them will try — publicly or privately — to undermine Begin's position and authority. Neither of them will allow his aides to give interested journalists the sort of information that could further his own political ambitions at the expense of the Prime Minister.

In this sense the Cabinet system in Israel and the unchallenged rule of the Prime Minister within his Cabinet as well as within his political orbit, will resemble the orderly arrangement prevailing in most Western democracies. Better government, and more credible government, will probably result.

WHEN WEIZMAN left the IDF with the rank of General and joined the Gahal bloc (eventually the Likud), he had a number of disagreements and confrontations with Begin, the uncontested leader of the Herut Party since its inception.

Begin crushed Weizman then in the political sense, and Weizman went into political hibernation. After he returned to activity — as a loyal and disciplined colleague of Begin — to sweep the Likud to victory in the May 17 elections, he told journalists: "I burnt my fingers once and that was enough."

Moshe Dayan entered the Government without many political supporters or personal friends. And the Likud doesn't owe any of its vote to him. He joined the troika at the top on a "have-tooth brush-will-travel" basis, and consequently is utterly dependent on the Prime Minister for his authority. Accordingly, he will not quickly seek a confrontation with his patron. Dayan will do as he is told.

Another Cabinet personality, outside the troika but only just, is the ebullient and boyish Ariel Sharon, Minister of Agriculture. He has big political and ministerial ambitions, which have not yet been realized. His election campaign demand that he be named Minister of Defence had no chance of being met, but it probably still lurks in his burly breast.

Sharon will not rock the Cabinet boat, any more than Weizman or Dayan, because he too depends on Begin: The latter was good enough to let Sharon's two-man faction join the Likud after the elections. Sharon, like Dayan, cannot claim that he brought the Likud masses of voters.

Begin did well to resist the temptation — and there was a temptation — to draw Dayan in before the elections.

BEGIN HAS JUST taken up the reins and it might seem like the wrong time to talk of the day he relinquishes them. But when that day comes, the Likud bloc will have to brace itself for the sort of internecine warfare that sapped the morale of the Labour Party. Weizman, Sharon and Simha Ehrlich will all covet the premiership, and the possibility of bringing in some impressive neutral outsider like Dayan will be real.

In the days of such political giants as the late David Ben-Gurion and NRP leader Moshe-Haim Shapiro the sons did not squabble over the inheritance while the patriarch ruled. Begin is the last of the giants.

Begin took Dayan into the fold in order to use his political expertise, which few Likud leaders have. Dayan has connections with international statesmen as well as Arab personalities. Begin co-opted Dayan like basketball teams hire foreign stars — but on a long-term basis. Begin evidently suspects that none of his followers has the maturity or the experience needed to be Prime Minister, and probably wants Dayan to be there in case he is needed. A secondary reason for taking Dayan might have been to demoralize Labour still further after its painful defeat.

Dayan, for his part, seized Begin's offer. A job with the Likud was the only, — and perhaps the last — chance he would ever have of returning to the Cabinet, to the political scene, and to work. It was not just a return to the Cabinet; it was the possibility — perhaps even hinted at by Begin — that still greater things might be in store.

After the criticism provoked by the Dayan appointment, Begin decided to tread warily with Sharon. Hence he turned down Sharon's post-election proposal that he be given a new internal security portfolio in the Cabinet — an ambition which Sharon publicized through interested channels in the press.

Sharon's idea goes counter to the democratic tradition of having no intermediaries between the Premier (who can survey the whole horizon and must carry the entire responsibility) and the heads of the domestic and overseas secret services — the Shin Bet and the Mossad in Israel. A cabinet minister responsible for the Shin Bet and the Mossad would select the issues on which he would report upwards, would be a buffer against pressures, and would leave the Premier responsible but not necessarily informed. This might even lead to rifts and rivalries between the two services, which have traditionally cooperated in a fruitful and friendly manner. No wonder that the heads of the Shin Bet and the Mossad baulked at the Sharon idea — as Weizman and his IDF intelligence people did.

IF HE HAS his way, Menahem Begin may go down as the first Prime Minister in at least two decades to have prevented his Cabinet from being like a sieve.

He told his colleagues at the first Cabinet session that he relied on them not to leak the proceedings to newsmen. Such leaks were the bane of most previous governments in one degree or another.

Not all the Ministers used to brief journalists privately, of course. Those who did, had no intention of damaging the national interests, but occasionally that was in fact the result. The leakers were inspired in some cases by the desire for personal publicity, in others by the wish to hurt their political rivals, and almost uniformly expected a return, sooner or later, on the bread which they cast upon the waters of the media.

Begin's "closed mouth" policy, well-intentioned though it is, has so far inhibited Ministers rather excessively, above all because they are still a bit scared of the chief. In time, Ministers will stop running away from journalists, and continue giving them the background and the insight which they need in order to inform the public of the actions of government intelligently.

The true face of the Likud

The Likud's problem, claims MISHA LOUVISH, lies not in its image but in its principles and the way it is made up.

THE LIKUD has an almost mystical belief in the power of words, which it inherits from the Zionist Revisionist Movement and its founder, Ze'ev Jabotinsky. The extent of this belief may be gauged from Mr. Zalman Shoval's *apologia* entitled "The Likud's image problem" (*The Jerusalem Post*, June 27).

The Zionist Labour Movement and the moderate wing of the General Zionists, who supported Chaim Weizmann, concentrated on building the foundations of the National Home brick by brick and "dunam by dunam" (Weizmann's phrase), and the cities and villages of Israel are living proof of their achievements. The future of the Likud will be determined, not by its "image," but by what it does with the rich heritage it has taken over (and a rich one it is, despite all Labour's mistakes and shortcomings).

Mr. Shoval complains of the epithet "rightist." Of course, the term cannot be defined with mathematical precision, but its meaning is well known and quite clear. One succinct dictionary definition is "conservative, reactionary."

A party of the Right generally favours the system of production for private profit and opposes public enterprise and public control. That is certainly a fair summary of the philosophy espoused by Finance Minister Simha Ehrlich.

IN FOREIGN AFFAIRS, the Right is characterized by emphasis on nationalist slogans and opposition to compromise. Labour, on the other hand, as in Israel, stresses the achievement of national aims by constructive work and through reasonable accommodation.

Rightist parties, too, are often associated with reactionary attitudes in religious affairs, in contrast to Labour's defence of religious freedom and tolerance. It is no accident that the historic alliance between the Labour Party and the moderate elements in religious Jewry has been undermined by the growth of reactionary nationalist tendencies in the National Religious Party, and that the formation of the Likud Government has been accompanied by wholesale surrender to the NRP and Agudat Israel.

Of course, it is quite legitimate to argue that more encouragement of private capital, a less favourable attitude to State and Histadrut enterprises, a rejection of territorial compromise, and a compliance with the "religious" demands of the NRP and the Aguda, are good things for Israel. But we should understand what we are doing. To describe the Likud's reversal of the principles on which Israel's progress has been based for two generations as "a restoration of basic values and ideals" is to show contempt for the plain meaning of words.

It is certainly absurd to describe the Likud as a "centre bloc," for the simple and obvious reason that there is no force in Israeli politics further to the right — with the exception of Meir Kahane's group, which could not even get a single member elected to the Knesset. The nearest to the centre in our political spectrum are the solitary representatives of the Independent Liberals and the Citizens' Rights Movement.

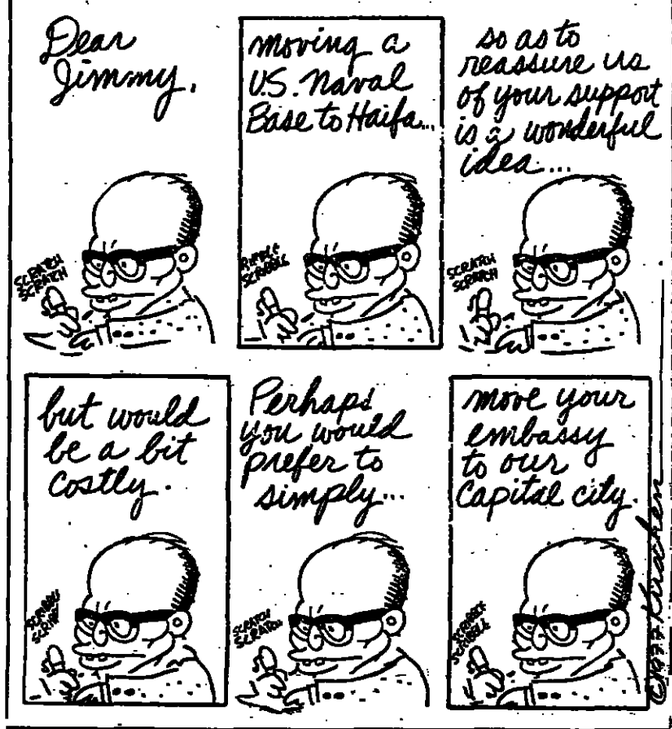
A PARTICULARLY interesting example of double-talk is Mr. Shoval's presentation of the Likud Government's "peace" policy. It "attaches supreme importance to the aim of achieving real and lasting peace," he declares. It will negotiate without prior conditions, he continues; "everything is negotiable"; the Government will go to Geneva "once it is convened on the basis of Resolutions 242 and 338."

This, of course, is an accurate summary of the relevant paragraphs of the Government's official statement of basic principles. But is that the whole of the Likud's policy? What about the declaration in its election platform that: "Between the Jordan and the Mediterranean there shall be none other than Israeli sovereignty?"

What about Mr. Begin's statement, a few hours after his election victory, that "Judea and Samaria are an integral part of Israel and will remain so?" Or Ezer Weizman's assurance to "West Bank" notables that the Israelis will remain with them for 500 or a thousand years?

It is strange that Mr. Shoval should omit the central tenet of Mr. Begin's political philosophy, which the leader of the Likud has enunciated in the clearest terms in dozens of public statements in writing and by word of mouth, and which the Likud presented to the voters as its official policy.

Dry Bones



Professor Friedman

(Continued from page one)

created, through the printing of money, a demand for more resources than are available.

Printing money is an attempt to shift resources from one group to another, from one use to another. Once government spending is cut, the exchange rate made flexible, the economy will adjust and those thrown out of employment will shift to those jobs which will be created by a renewed process of growth. An attempt to maintain employment by letting inflation go on only means that inflation will have to be constantly accelerated, that more and more rigidities will be introduced into the system through attempts by the government to put out brushfires. Adjustment will thus become increasingly difficult.

To the argument that Israel's balance of payments difficulties have prevented the government from letting the economy grow as much as domestic resources could permit, Friedman replies that, too, will be taken care of by a system of flexible exchange rates. Israel does not have a balance of payments gap: that is covered by its biggest "export industry" — which "sells" to Jews all over the world the satisfaction of supporting Israel, and to the U.S. the assurance that it is able to defend itself, without foreign soldiers, as part of the free world. For these the Jews are willing to contribute and the U.S. is willing to give aid. He dismisses any suggestion that Israel may want to become less dependent on U.S. aid. Even if Israel could become much less dependent financially, it would still remain dependent for military supplies, and even if it could produce all the military hardware itself, it would still remain dependent politically.

I recalled Friedman's proposal to do away with state-run education and, instead, to give people "education vouchers" to be used by parents to choose the schools they prefer for their children. "Granted," I asked, "that a competitive system based on private schools might be more efficient economically, how would educational standards be assured? Can one suppose that parents, especially in an immigrants' country like Israel, are able to choose wisely for their children? And what of religious education, which the present government wants to strengthen?"

Professor Friedman's answer, as always, is unequivocal. Parents, even in Israel and perhaps here more so than elsewhere, are better equipped than Government officials to decide what is best for their children. He is against all religious education by the state, and opposes also present practices in the U.S., where he thinks that the First Amendment to the Constitution is being contravened. Education should indeed be compulsory, and the government could impose certain minimum standards to ensure the scholastic levels of the schools. Beyond that, the schools should operate competitively. Schools which would turn out to be unsatisfactory to parents would decline, and the successful ones would attract more students. Those who desire a religious education for their children would send them to religious schools, others would prefer schools with a secular curriculum.

Professor Friedman's solutions raise more questions than they answer, especially on second thought — even if one proceeds from his basic tenets.

Can the market mechanism really be trusted as much as Friedman believes?

What assurance is there that his remedies will not make the economy fall into a low-level equilibrium, or that the adjustments of which he speaks will not create social tensions which will tear the body politic apart before they have worked themselves out — if they ever do?

Can a single country, competing with others who do not follow Friedman's precepts, afford to go out on a limb?

Can the loss of income due to unemployment, in an adjustment period, really be equated with the loss of profits and assets by property-owners — if they lose as much, relatively?

Are economic solutions to be considered only in terms of expediency — or must the dimension of social justice be an integral part of a policy, not only in the long or very long run, but also while the adjustment proceeds?

Is the basic assumption, that society and its economic system is competitive or will be so if only Government removes its hand, a true description of reality? And above all — is the competitive, acquisitive society the ultimate goal?

READERS' LETTERS

CONSERVATIVE JUDAISM

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Menahem Raab's defence of religious compulsion (June 15) is notable more for what it does not say than what it does. Were the subject not of such great import, his failure to respond directly to Reuven Hammer's plea for religious encouragement in lieu of compulsion would be merely frivolous. As is, the lack of response reveals a fundamental failure of Raab's position, and the empty charges offered in place of response demand correction.

One obviously does not discredit Conservative Judaism by citing feigned or real grotesqueries of some misguided individual. Any *Post* reader could equally well cite individual Orthodox rabbinical offences to sensibilities, sensitivities and common sense. These aberrations prove neither the bankruptcy of either movement, nor the failure of the rabbinate in general.

One must also note and dismiss Raab's idle charges. The adjective "symbolic" can be applied to as many Orthodox conversions as others. Certainly "many Conservative rabbis" do *not* perform intermarriages. In fact, as Raab should know, any member of the Rabbinical Assembly (the sole Conservative rabbinical organization) so acting would be subject to quick expulsion.

Raab seems to have missed Hammer's basic contention, which was, after all, that *for the good of Judaism*, and the Jewish people, the Jewish State should be concerned primarily with encouraging Judaism, not enforcing it.

It is time to widen our horizons and to deal with the burning issues, not with imported phobias. The arguments Dr. Hammer cited are shared by many Orthodox authorities and they cannot be dismissed by a few idle references to a few Conservative Jews. They demand careful consideration, and action.

RABBI BENJAMIN J. SEGAL,
Director
The Ramah Programmes in Israel
Jerusalem.

COMMUNITY SERVICES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Mrs. Naava Arad's statement that Naamat's provision to the public of such services as day nurseries, agricultural high schools, vocational education for girls and women is "based on labour movement values" (Lea Levavi's article, June 15) is one that we feel cannot be allowed to pass unchallenged.

Services intended to improve the quality of life, which are provided by enlightened states when they have the means, have never been and can never be the prerogative of the followers of any one particular political ideology.

The World WIZO Organization provides living proof of this fact. Founded in England in 1920 with the declared purpose of involving Jewish women throughout the world in promoting the welfare of the women and children of the Yishuv, it now has a quarter of a million members organized in 50 different countries. In its constitution, it is described as a "*non-party, non-political* voluntary organization of Jewish women." However, in spite of having no party or political affiliations, our organization, too, has set up and is responsible for 168 day nurseries, toddlers' homes and kindergartens, catering for over 10,000 children, 13 agricultural and vocational high schools, a community college, vocational training for girls and women, in addition to numerous other activities for the benefit of women. Furthermore, WIZO deals actively and efficiently with all problems concerning the status of women with its 24 Legal Advice Bureaux and its Council for the Status of Women, which has even been instrumental in tabling and promulgating laws for the benefit of women.

So much for the political values underlying services on behalf of the community.

RAIA SAVIDOR, Head
Publicity and Information Department, WIZO
Tel Aviv.

AMSTERDAM JEWRY

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With reference to Mark Segal's article, "The second agony of Anne Frank" (June 17), may I point out that Amsterdam was never bombed in World War II. Most of the Jewish Quarter was demolished by people looking for wood for heating and cooking purposes in the last year of the war. Gas and electricity had been cut off and the Jewish population deported by the Nazis. But thank G-d, the Portuguese Synagogue was spared.

B. OUDKERK
Nahariya.

NO WITHDRAWAL

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I remember 1957 when Secretary of State Dulles forced Israel back from the Suez Canal with so-called "guarantees." Yet in 1967 when Egypt shut off your shipping, the world was again silent.

Israel cannot depend on outside guarantees for her security. Right now, President Carter is withdrawing American forces from Korea. There are many of us in the U.S. who think Menahem Begin is right. I would like to quote from an editorial in the Rockville, Maryland "Advertiser" of June 1, 1977 which I think is a gem: "President Carter is perfectly reasonable in asking Israel to return to such perilous boundaries — if he would have no objections to a Soviet missile battery in Arlington, with two Russian divisions bivouacked between Falls Church and Manassas." (The places mentioned are near Washington, D.C.)

When Premier Begin goes to Washington, let him ask President Carter if he would allow Russian missiles in Cuba regardless of how many electronic devices are on our shores.

BEATRICE DAVIS
Baltimore, Maryland.

GOVERNMENT CREDIBILITY

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — During the recent furore over Moshe Dayan's appointment as Foreign Minister, Mr. Begin was heard, on several occasions, to state that he (Mr. Begin) believed that Mr. Dayan was at least partially responsible for the Yom Kippur War debacle and, as a result, he (Dayan) would not be allowed a say in defence matters.

The announcement of the composition of the ministerial committee on defence matters, which includes Moshe Dayan, came therefore as a bit of a surprise. The credibility of our new Government has, as a result, been severely impaired.

RICHARD STEINITZ
Jerusalem.

13

Twelve plus one equals lucky thirteen.

Subscribe or renew your subscription to The Jerusalem Post for twelve months and we give you an extra month free.

Yes, free. And, we deliver all thirteen months direct to your home.

So don't say the days of bargains are over.

We're offering you one right now.

Compared to buying the paper day by day it's a saving of over IL200.

Not bad, better than index-linked bonds.

Hurry now or you'll be crushed in the rush.

Oh, by the way, you can still subscribe or renew for 3 or 6 months.

To THE JERUSALEM POST P.O.B. 81, JERUSALEM.

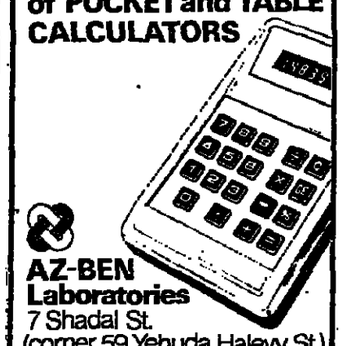
Please send me The Jerusalem Post for thirteen months. I enclose a check (IL860) for one year's subscription.

Please send me The Jerusalem Post for
☐ 3 months (IL 242) ☐ 6 months (IL460)
Prices include VAT.

NAME .....
ADDRESS .....

5.7.77

Bestsellers from
Berkley!
★ The Tomorrow File by Lawrence Sanders
★ The Canfield Decision by Spiro Agnew
from
Coronet!
★ The Last Escape by Ruth Allav and Peggy Mann
★ Target Practice by Nicholas Meyer
Sole Distributor:
Bronfman's Agency Ltd.

Repair of all kinds of POCKET and TABLE CALCULATORS

AZ-BEN Laboratories
7 Shadal St.
(corner 59 Yehuda Halevy St.)
Tel Aviv, Tel. 611473

BARGAIN PRICES
PERSIAN CARPETS
(mostly large sizes)
Purchase-Exchange-Cleaning-Repair
SHILONY
28 Rehov Lilienblum
Tel. 57064, Tel Aviv.

Marvin Srulowitz
please write
Nathan Spector

Just Arrived
NEW OUTLOOK
June-July 77 Issue
sole distributor
Steimatzky's

HEBREW
NEW CLASSES July 13
• Beginners (From A.B.C.) at 6 p.m.
• Beginners (With some knowledge) at 4 p.m.
• Newspaper reading, spelling and conversation — at 4 p.m.
• For advanced and highly advanced students: 1) at 9 a.m.; 2) 4 p.m. 3) 6 p.m.
ISRAEL'S ULPAN
3 Rehov Sirkin, Tel Aviv
(near 46 Rehov Ben Yehuda)
Information: 4.00-6.30 p.m. only
Tel. 235239

Don't Miss
The No. 1 Bestseller!
from
BANTAM — CORGI
Dolores
by Jacqueline Susann
and
The Sleeping Murder
Agatha Christie's best novel!
Bronfman's Agency Ltd.